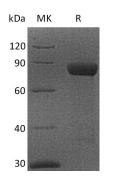
Catalog #: PHV1998



## Summary

Name Purity	CRTAM/CD355/Cytotoxic and Regulatory T-Cell Molecule/Class-I MHC- Restricted T-Cell-Associated Molecule Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/µg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Cynomolgus Fascicularis Cytotoxic And Regulatory T-cell Molecule is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Ser18-Gly287 is expressed with a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C- terminus.
Accession #	A0A2K5TKL4
Host	Human Cells
Species	Cynomolgus
Predicted Molecular Mass	57.1 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution of 50 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM Glycine, pH 7.5.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

### **SDS-PAGE** image



# Product Name: Recombinant Cynomolgus CRTAM (C-Fc) Conclusion Catalog #: PHV1998

### Background

Alternative Names	Cytotoxic and Regulatory T-Cell Molecule; Class-I MHC-Restricted T-Cell- Associated Molecule; CD355; CRTAM
Background	Cytotoxic and Regulatory T-Cell Molecule (CRTAM) is a member of Nectin family under the immunoglobulin superfamily that is expressed by activated CD8+ and NK T cells. CRTAM is found in spleen, thymus, small intestine, peripheral blood, and it is highly expressed by Purkinje cells of the cerebellum. CRTAM is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein containing one Ig-like C2-type domain and one Ig- like V-type domain in its extracellular domain, while its cytoplasmic region shows a potential class I PDZ domain. CRTAM is expressed as a homodimer on the cell surface but does not show homotypic binding in trans. The high affinity of CRTAM/IGSF4 adhesion allows CRTAM to disrupt IGSF4 homotypic interactions. IGSF4 and T cell receptor coengagement of CD8+ cells expressiong CRTAM induces increased IFNy or IL-22 production.

#### Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.