

## Summary

Name	Ephrin-A5/EFNA5
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/ $\mu$ g as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Mouse Ephrin-A5 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Gln21-Gln206 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	O08543
Host	Human Cells
Species	Mouse
Predicted Molecular Mass	22.5 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

## **SDS-PAGE** image





## Background

Alternative Names	Ephrin-A5; AL-1; EPH-related receptor tyrosine kinase ligand 7; Epl7; Eplg7; Lerk7; Efna5
Background	Ephrin-A5 is a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchored protein of the ephrin-A subclass of ephrin ligands that binds to the EphA subclass of Eph receptors. Ephrin-A5 has also been shown to bind to the EphB2 receptor. It is crucial for migration, repulsion and adhesion during neuronal, vascular and epithelial development. Ephrin-A5 binds promiscuously Eph receptors residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. The signaling pathway downstream of the receptor is referred to as forward signaling while the signaling pathway downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to as reverse signaling.

## Note

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