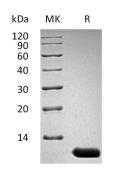


Summary

Name	IL-13/Interleukin-13 (Ser26-Phe131)
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/ μ g as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Mouse Interleukin-13 is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Ser26-Phe131 is expressed.
Accession #	P20109
Host	E.coli
Species	Mouse
Predicted Molecular Mass	11.7 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Histidine-HCl, 8% Trehalose, 4% Mannitol, 50mM NaCl, 0.05% Tween 80, pH 6.0.
Formulation Shipping	4% Mannitol, 50mM NaCl, 0.05% Tween 80, pH 6.0. The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it
	4% Mannitol, 50mM NaCl, 0.05% Tween 80, pH 6.0.

SDS-PAGE image



Background



Alternative NamesInterleukin-13; IL-13; T-Cell Activation Protein P600; Il13; Il-13BackgroundMouse interleukin 13 (mIL-13) is a pleiotropic cytokine produced by activated Th2
cells. IL-13 induces B cell proliferation and immunoglobin production. It contains a
four helical bundle with two internal disulfide bonds. Mouse IL13 shares 58%
sequence identity with human protein and exhibits cross-species activity. IL13
signals via receptor IL13R (type2, IL4R) and activates STAT-6. IL13 initially binds IL-
13Rα1 with low affinity and triggers association of IL4Rα, generating a high affinity
heterodimeric receptor IL13R and eliciting downstream signals. IL13 also binds IL-
13Rα2 with high affinity, which plays a role in a negative feedback system of IL13
signaling. IL13 is an important mediator of allergic inflammation and disease.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.