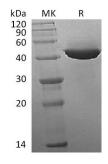


Summary

Name	Isocitrate Dehydrogenase 1/IDH1
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/µg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human Isocitrate Dehydrogenase [NADP] Cytoplasmic is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Met1-Leu414 is expressed with a 8His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	075874
Host	E.coli
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	48.1 KDa
Predicted Molecular Mass Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of 50mM Tris-HCl, 200mM NaCl, 10%
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 50mM Tris-HCl, 200mM NaCl, 10% Glycerol, pH 8.0. The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately

SDS-PAGE image



Background

Alternative Names	Isocitrate Dehydrogenase [NADP] Cytoplasmic; IDH; Cytosolic NADP-Isocitrate Dehydrogenase; IDP; NADP(+)-Specific ICDH; Oxalosuccinate Decarboxylase; IDH1; PICD
Background	Isocitrate Dehydrogenase [NADP] Cytoplasmic (IDH1) belongs to the isocitrate and isopropylmalate dehydrogenases family. IDH1 exists as a homodimer, binding one



magnesium or manganese ion per subunit. Mutations of IDH1 have been shown to cause metaphyseal chondromatosis with aciduria and are involved in the development of glioma IDH plays a role in the regeneration of NADPH for intraperoxisomal reductions, such as the conversion of 2, 4-dienoyl-CoAs to 3-enoyl-CoAs, as well as in peroxisomal reactions that consume 2-oxoglutarate, namely the α -hydroxylation of phytanic acid.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.