

(FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. DO NOT USE IT IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS!)

Lactic Acid (LA) Assay Kit

Catalog No.: BC00004

Size: 50T

Please read the instructions carefully before use. If you have any questions or need further help during experiment, please don't hesitate to contact us through the following methods:

Website: www.enkilife.com

Shelf life: Please refer to the label on the outer package.

Techsupport: In order to provide you with better service, please inform us the lot number on the label of the outer package.

Basic Information

Product Name	Lactic Acid (LA) Assay Kit		
Detection Method	Colorimetric		
Sample Type	Tissues, cells, serum, plasma		
Assay Type	Quantitative		
Detection Instrument	Microplate reader (450-490 nm, optimal detection wavelength		
	470 nm)		

Product Introduction

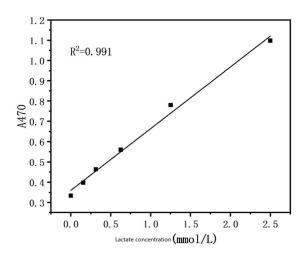
Lactic acid plays a role in energy metabolism, pH regulation, and signal transmission in the human body. Lactic acid is effectively cleared by the body under normal circumstances, but in some cases, lactate levels may increase, leading to lactic acidosis. Lactic acidosis can be caused by a variety of reasons, including hypoxia, liver dysfunction, metabolic disorders, etc. In clinical practice, the degree of lactic acidosis can be assessed and treatment can be guided by measuring the lactate concentration in the blood.

Product Features

Easy to use, high sensitivity and wide linear range.

Principle

With oxidized coenzyme I (NAD+) as hydrogen acceptor, lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) catalyzes lactate dehydrogenation to produce pyruvate, converting NAD+ into reduced coenzyme I (NADH). Among them, N-methylphenazine methylsulfate (PMS) transfers hydrogen to reduce WST-8 to an orange coloring substance, and the absorbance of the coloring substance produces an absorption peak under the 470nm band, and the absorbance is linearly related to the lactic acid content.



Components

No.	Components	Size (50T)	Storage
Reagent 1	Buffer	6 mL	-20°C, store at 2-8 °C after opening.
Reagent 2	Enzyme Stock Solution	0.06 mL	-20°C, store at 2-8 °C after opening.
Reagent 3	Color Developer	1.2 mL	-20°C, protect from light, store at 2-8°C after opening.
Reagent 4	Substrate B	1 mL	-20°C, store at 2-8°C after opening.
Reagent 5	2.5 mmol/L Standard	1 mL	-20°C, store at 2-8°C after opening.
Consumable 1	Microplate	1 plate	RT
Consumable 2	Plate Sealer	2 pieces	RT

Storage

The unopened kit can be stored at -20°C for 12 months, and after opening, it can be stored at 2-8°C for 6 months.

Preparation

Sample handling

- 1. Liquid samples such as serum and plasma: can be measured directly.
- 2. Tissue samples: routine homogenization (physiological saline (0.9% NaCl solution) or PBS (0.01 M, pH 7.4). After homogenization, centrifuge at 4 °C, 10000×g for 10 min,

take the supernatant and place it on ice for testing. Keep part of the supernatant for protein concentration determination.

3. Cell samples: Take 10⁶ cells and add 300 μL of physiological saline (0.9% NaCl solution) or PBS (0.01 M, pH 7.4) for homogenization. After homogenization, centrifuge at 4 °C, 10000×g for 10 min, take the supernatant and place it on ice for testing. Keep part of the supernatant for protein concentration determination.

Preparation of the kit

- 1. Before testing, equilibrate all reagents to room temperature.
- 2. Preparation of enzyme working solution: Mix reagent 1 and reagent 2 at a volume ratio of 100:1. Prepare it before use and use it only on the same day.
- 3. Working solution preparation: Mix the enzyme working solution, Reagent 3, and Reagent 4 in a volume ratio of 100:20:20, prepare fresh and use as needed, use within 12 hours.
- 4. Preparation of standard: Dilute the standard into different concentrations such as 2.5, 1.25, 0.625, 0.3125, 0.15625, and 0 (blank well) mmol/L using reagent 1 according to the half-dilution method.

Operation process

- 1. Standard wells: Take 5 μ L of different concentrations of standards and add them to the corresponding standard wells; Sample wells: Take 5 μ L of samples to be tested and add them to the sample wells.
- 2. Add 140 µL of the working solution to each standard and sample well.
- 3. Oscillate on a microplate reader for 5 s and incubate at 37°C for 10 min, measure the OD value of each well at 470 nm (450nm-490nm is acceptable, 470nm is optimal) using an enzyme reader.

Calculation

Standard fitting curve: y = ax + b

For serum (plasma), cell supernatant, and other liquid samples, the calculation formula for lactic acid content is:

LA content (mmol/L) = $(\Delta A470 - b) \div a \times f$

For tissue and cell samples, the calculation formula for lactic acid content is:

LA content (mmol/gprot) = $(\Delta A470 - b) \div a \div Cpr \times f$

Annotation:

 Δ A470: Sample measured OD value - blank OD value (OD value when the standard concentration is 0)

f: dilution factor of the sample before adding it to the detection system

Cpr: protein concentration of the sample to be tested (gprot/L). When this kit detects tissue and cell samples, the total protein concentration needs to be measured. It is recommended to use the protein concentration determination kit (BCA method) (BC00006) produced by EnkiLife.

Notes

- 1. Please read the instructions carefully and adjust the instrument before the experiment, and conduct the experiment strictly in accordance with the instructions.
- 2. The detection range of the kit is not equivalent to the concentration range of the analyte in the sample. If the concentration of the analyte in the sample is too high or too low, please dilute or concentrate the sample appropriately.
- 3. If the sample being tested is not among the sample types listed in the instructions, it is recommended to conduct a preliminary experiment to verify the effectiveness of the test.
- 4. This product is intended for scientific research use only by professionals and must not be used for clinical diagnosis or treatment, in food or drugs, or stored in ordinary residences.