

Summary

Production Name	NF-E4 (Acetyl Lys43) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody	
Description	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody	
Host	Rabbit	
Application	WB,ELISA	
Reactivity	Human, Rat, Mouse	

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated	
Modification	Acetyl Antibody	
lsotype	lgG	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Form	Liquid	
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw	
	cycles.	
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.	
Purification	Affinity purification	

Immunogen

Gene Name	NFE4
Alternative Names	NFE4; Transcription factor NF-E4
Gene ID	58160.0
SwissProt ID	Q86UQ8.Synthesized acetyl-peptide derived from the human NF-E4 around the
	acetylation site of K43.

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 2000-20000
Molecular Weight	19kD

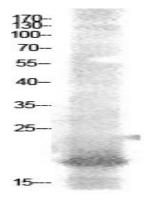


Background

The erythroid-specific protein encoded by this gene, and the ubiquitous transcription factor CP2, form the stage selector protein (SSP) complex, which is involved in preferential expression of the gamma-globin genes in fetal erythroid cells. Alternate use of an in-frame upstream non-AUG (CUG) translation initiation codon, and a downstream AUG codon, results in two isoforms. While the long isoform (22 kDa) acts as an activator, the short isoform (14 kDa) has been shown to repress gamma-globin gene expression. This gene is located in an intron of the FBXL13 gene on the opposite strand. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], function: Functions as part of the SSP (stage selector protein) complex, a complex that contributes to the preferential expression of the gamma-gene in fetal erythroid cells by facilitating the interaction of the gamma-globin genes with enhancer elements contained in the locus control region (LCR). The complex binds to the stage selector element (SSE) in the proximal gamma-globin promoter. In contrast, isoform 2 acts as a repressor of gamma-globin gene expression by preventing NFE2 and RNA polymerase II recruitment to the promoter., PTM: Acetylation at Lys-43 prolongs the protein halflife by preventing ubiquitin-mediated degradation and reduces the interaction between NF-E4 and HDAC1, potentially maximizing the activating ability of the factor at the gamma-promoter, PTM: Ubiguitinated; leading to its degradation by the proteasome. Acetylation at Lys-43 prevents ubiquitination., sequence caution: Unusual initiator. The initiator methionine is coded by a non-canonical CTG leucine codon., subunit: Component of the SSP (stage selector protein) complex, which appears to be a heteromer of TFCP2 and 2 copies of NFE4. Interacts with HDAC1 and PCAF. Isoform 2 interacts with TFCP2, tissue specificity: Specifically expressed in fetal liver, cord blood and bone marrow. Also expressed in the K562 and HEL cell lines, which constitutively express the fetal globin genes.,

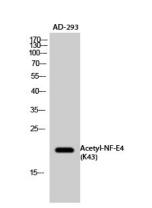
Research Area

Image Data



Western Blot analysis of AD-293 cells using Acetyl-NF-E4 (K43) Polyclonal Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000





Western Blot analysis of AD-293 cells using Acetyl-NF-E4 (K43) Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

Note

For research use only.