

**Product Name: GABA B Receptor 2 (8E15) Rabbit
Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog #: AMRe11229**

Summary

Production Name	GABA B Receptor 2 (8E15) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% New type preservative N and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
Purification	Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name	GABBR2
Alternative Names	GAB B R2; GABA-BR2; GABABR2; GABB R2; Gabbr2; Gb2; GPR51; GPRC 3B; HG20; R2 SUBUNIT;
Gene ID	9568.0
SwissProt ID	O75899.

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500~1:1000
Molecular Weight	106kDa

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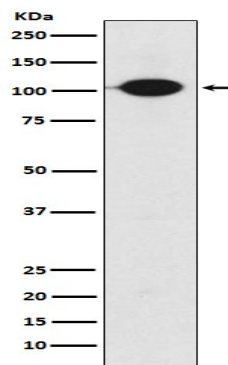
Background

Receptor for GABA. The activity of this receptor is mediated by G-proteins that inhibit adenylyl cyclase activity, stimulates phospholipase A2, activates potassium channels, inactivates voltage-dependent calcium-channels and modulates inositol phospholipids hydrolysis. Plays a critical role in the fine-tuning of inhibitory synaptic transmission. Component of a heterodimeric G-protein coupled receptor for GABA, formed by GABBR1 and GABBR2 (PubMed: [9872316](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9872316), PubMed: [9872744](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9872744), PubMed: [15617512](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15617512), PubMed: [18165688](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18165688), PubMed: [22660477](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22660477), PubMed: [24305054](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24305054)). Within the heterodimeric GABA receptor, only GABBR1 seems to bind agonists, while GABBR2 mediates coupling to G proteins (PubMed: [18165688](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18165688)). Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of downstream effectors, such as adenylate cyclase (PubMed: [10075644](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10075644), PubMed: [10773016](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10773016), PubMed: [24305054](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24305054)). Signaling inhibits adenylate cyclase, stimulates phospholipase A2, activates potassium channels, inactivates voltage-dependent calcium-channels and modulates inositol phospholipid hydrolysis (PubMed: [10075644](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10075644), PubMed: [9872744](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9872744), PubMed: [10906333](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10906333), PubMed: [10773016](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10773016)). Plays a critical role in the fine-tuning of inhibitory synaptic transmission (PubMed: [9872744](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9872744), PubMed: [22660477](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22660477)). Pre-synaptic GABA receptor inhibits neurotransmitter release by down-regulating high-voltage activated calcium channels, whereas postsynaptic GABA receptor decreases neuronal excitability by activating a prominent inwardly rectifying potassium (Kir) conductance that underlies the late inhibitory postsynaptic potentials (PubMed: [9872316](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9872316), PubMed: [10075644](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10075644), PubMed: [9872744](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9872744), PubMed: [22660477](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22660477)). Not only implicated in synaptic inhibition but also in hippocampal long-term potentiation, slow wave sleep, muscle relaxation and antinociception (Probable).

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Research Area

Image Data



Western blot analysis of GABA B Receptor 2 expression in SH-SY5Y cell lysate.

Note

For research use only.