

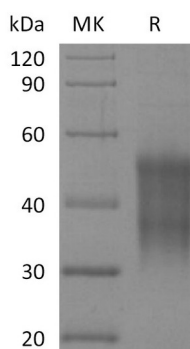
Product Name: Recombinant Rhesus Macaque CD47 (N-6His-Flag)
Catalog #: PHV2154



Summary

Name	CD47/IAP/OA3/Leukocyte Surface Antigen CD47/Antigenic surface determinant protein OA3/Integrin-associated protein/Protein MER6
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Rhesus macaque Leukocyte Surface Antigen CD47 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Gln19-Glu141 is expressed with a 6His, Flag tag at the N-terminus.
Accession #	F7A802
Host	Human Cells
Species	Rhesus Macaque
Predicted Molecular Mass	15.7 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image



Background

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Alternative Names

Leukocyte Surface Antigen CD47; Antigenic Surface Determinant Protein OA3; Integrin-Associated Protein; IAP; Protein MER6; CD47; MER6

Background

CD47, also known as Integrin-Associated Protein (IAP) and OA3, is a glycosylated atypical member of the immunoglobulin superfamily. Mouse CD47 is an integral membrane protein that consists of a extracellular domain (ECD) with a single Ig-like domain, five membrane-spanning regions with short intervening loops, and C-terminal cytoplasmic tail. CD47 has a role in both cell adhesion by acting as an adhesion receptor for THBS1 on platelets, and in the modulation of integrins. It plays an important role in memory formation and synaptic plasticity in the hippocampus. As a receptor for SIRPA, its binding to which prevents maturation of immature dendritic cells and inhibits cytokine production by mature dendritic cells. Interaction with SIRPG mediates cell-cell adhesion, it enhances superantigen-dependent T-cell-mediated proliferation and costimulates T-cell activation. It may play a role in membrane transport and/or integrin dependent signal transduction. It also prevents premature elimination of red blood cells.

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.