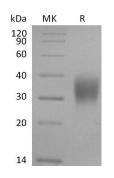
Product Name: Recombinant Cynomolgus CD16a (C-6His) Catalog #: PHV2097



Summary

Name	Fc gamma RIIIA/CD16a/FCGR3A
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/µg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Cynomolgus Low Affinity Immunoglobulin Gamma Fc Region Receptor III-A is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Glu21-Gly206 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C- terminus.
Accession #	A0A140HDP8
Host	Human Cells
Species	Cynomolgus
Predicted Molecular Mass	22 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100\mu g/ml$. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100\mu g/ml$. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image



Background

Product Name: Recombinant Cynomolgus CD16a (C-6His) Catalog #: PHV2097

Alternative Names

Background

Low Affinity Immunoglobulin Gamma Fc Region Receptor III-A; CD16a Antigen; Fc-Gamma RIII-Alpha; Fc-Gamma RIII; Fc-gamma RIIIa; FcRIII; FcRIIIa; FcR-10; IgG Fc Receptor III-2; CD16a; FCGR3A; CD16A; FCG3; FCGR3; IGFR3 Receptors for the Fc region of immunoglobin G (FcyR) are divided into three classes and FcyRIII is a multifunctional, low/intermediate affinity receptor. In humans, FcyRIII is expressed as two distinct forms (FcyRIIIA and FcyRIIIB) that are encoded by two different but highly homologous genes in a cell type-specific manner. FcyRIIIB is a low-affinity, GPI-linked receptor expressed by neutrophils and eosinophils, whereas FcyRIIIA is an intermediate affinity polypeptide-anchored transmembrane glycoprotein expressed by a subset of T lymphocytes, natural killer (NK) cells, monocytes, and macrophages. The FcyRIIIA receptor is involved in phagocytosis, secretion of enzymes, inflammatory mediators, antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC), mast cell degranulation, and clearance of immune complexes. FcyRIIIA has an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM) in its cytoplasmic domain and delivers an activation signal in the immune responses. Aberrant expression or mutations in this gene is implicated in susceptibility to recurrent viral infections, systemic lupus erythematosus, and alloimmune neonatal neutropenia. In humans, it is a 50 -70 kD type I transmembrane activating receptor. The FcyRIIIA cDNA encodes 254 amino acid including a 16aa signal sequence, 191 amino acid ECD with two C2-type Ig-like domains, five potential N-glycosylation sites, a 22 amino acid transmembrane sequence and a 25 amino acid cytoplasmic domain.

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Note

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