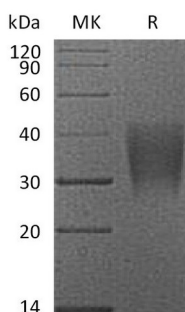


## Summary

<b>Name</b>	CD28/TP44/T-cell-specific surface glycoprotein CD28
<b>Purity</b>	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
<b>Endotoxin level</b>	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
<b>Construction</b>	Recombinant Human T-cell-specific Surface Glycoprotein CD28 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Asn19-Pro152 is expressed with a 6His tag at the N-terminus.
<b>Accession #</b>	P10747
<b>Host</b>	Human Cells
<b>Species</b>	Human/Cynomolgus
<b>Predicted Molecular Mass</b>	16.7 KDa
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, pH 8.0.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
<b>Stability&amp;Storage</b>	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

## SDS-PAGE image



## Background

**Product Name: Recombinant Human/Cynomolgus CD28 (N-6His)**  
**Catalog #: PHV2077**

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**Alternative Names**

CD28; CD28 antigen; CD28 molecule; T-cell-specific surface glycoprotein CD28; Tp44; TP44

**Background**

T-cell-specific surface glycoprotein CD28(CD28) is a single-pass type I membrane protein which contains one Ig-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain. It belongs to the immunoglobulin(Ig) superfamily. CD28 is one of the molecules expressed on T cells that provide co-stimulatory signals, which are required for T cell activation. CD28 co-stimulation is necessary for CD4 positive T-cell proliferation and survival, interleukin-2 production, and T-helper type-2 development. Human post-thymic regulatory T cells require CD28 co-stimulation to expand and maintain potent suppressive function in vivo. Apoptosis plays a key role in the age-related decline of CD28 expression and in immunosenescence. CD28 is the receptor for CD80 (B7.1) and CD86 (B7.2). When activated by Toll-like receptor ligands, the CD80 expression is upregulated in antigen presenting cells (APCs). The CD86 expression on antigen presenting cells is constitutive. CD28 is the only B7 receptor constitutively expressed on naive T cells.

**Note**

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.