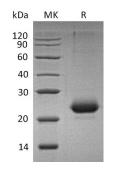


# Summary

Name Purity	CD40/TNFRSF5/CD40L receptor/Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Superfamily member 5/B-Cell Surface Antigen CD40/Bp50/CDw40 Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/ $\mu$ g as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Mouse Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Superfamily Member 5 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Leu20-Arg193 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	P27512
Host	Human Cells
Species	Mouse
Predicted Molecular Mass	20.2 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

# **SDS-PAGE** image



## Background



# Alternative NamesTumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 5; B-cell surface antigen CD40;<br/>Bp50; CD40L receptor; CD40; TNFRSF5BackgroundCD40 is a Type I Transmembrane Glycoprotein that belongs to the TNF Receptor<br/>Superfamily. CD40 is expressed in B cells, follicular dendritic cells, dendritic cells,<br/>activated monocytes, macrophages, endothelial cells, vascular smooth muscle cells,<br/>and several tumor cell lines. The extracellular domain of CD40 is characterized by<br/>Cysteine rich repeat regions. Interaction of CD40 with its ligand (CD40L) leads to<br/>aggregation of CD40 molecules, which in turn interact with cytoplasmic<br/>components to initiate signaling pathways. Several different TRAF proteins<br/>(adaptor proteins) have been identified to serves as mediators of the signal<br/>transduction. CD40 plays an essential role in mediating a broad variety of immune<br/>and inflammatory responses including T cell-dependent immunoglobulin class<br/>switching, memory B cell development, and germinal center formation.

### Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.