Product Name: Recombinant Human CD63 (N-6His)

Catalog #: PHH2385



Summary

Name CD63

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant CD63 antigen is produced by our Mammalian expression

system and the target gene encoding Ala103-Val203 is expressed with a 6His

tag at the N-terminus.

Accession # P08962

Host Human Cells

Species Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 13.1 KDa

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it

immediately at the temperature listed below.

Stability&Storage Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3

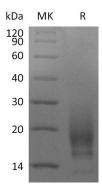
months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is

not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image



Background

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Alternative Names CD63 antigen; Lysosomal-associated membrane protein 3; LAMP-3; Melanoma-

associated antigen ME491; OMA81H; Ocular melanoma-associated antigen;

Tetraspanin-30; Tspan-30; CD63

BackgroundCD63 is a member of the tetraspanin family, as a TIMP-1 interacting protein. Functions as cell surface receptor for TIMP1 and plays a role in the activation of

cellular signaling cascades. The protein plays a role in the activation of ITGB1 and integrin signaling, leading to the activation of AKT, FAK/PTK2 and MAP kinases. It can promotes cell survival, reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton, cell adhesion, spreading and migration, via its role in the activation of AKT and FAK/PTK2. It also plays a role in VEGFA signaling via its role in regulating the internalization of KDR/VEGFR2. Plays a role in intracellular vesicular transport processes, and is required for normal trafficking of the PMEL luminal domain that is essential for the development and maturation of melanocytes. The protein is important in the adhesion of leukocytes onto endothelial cells via its role in the regulation of SELP

trafficking.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.

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