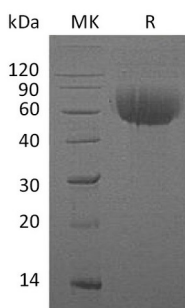


Summary

Name	IL-13 R alpha 1/IL-13RA1/IL-13R/Interleukin-13 receptor subunit alpha-1
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human Interleukin-13 Receptor Subunit Alpha-1 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Gly22-Thr343 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	P78552
Host	Human Cells
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	37.7 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image



Background

Product Name: Recombinant Human IL-13RA1 (C-6His)
Catalog #: PHH0986



Alternative Names

Interleukin-13 receptor subunit alpha-1; IL-13 receptor subunit alpha-1; IL-13R subunit alpha-1; IL-13R-alpha-1; IL-13RA1; Cancer/testis antigen 19; CT19; CD213a1; IL13RA1; IL13R; IL13RA

Background

Interleukin-13 receptor subunit alpha-1(IL13RA1) is a subunit of the interleukin 13 receptor. This subunit forms a receptor complex with IL4 receptor alpha, a subunit shared by IL13 and IL4 receptors. The human IL13-R α 1 was originally cloned based on sequence homology to the mouse IL13-R α 1, it share 76% aa sequence identity. Human The IL13-R α 1 cDNA encodes a 427 amino acid (aa) residue precursor protein with a putative 21 aa residue signal peptide, a 324 aa residue extracellular domain, a 23 aa residue transmembrane region and a 59 aa residue cytoplasmic tail. The extracellular domain of IL13-R α 1 is also closely related to that of IL13-R α 2. It binds with low affinity to interleukin-13(IL13). IL13RA1 serves as a primary IL13-binding subunit of the IL13 receptor, and may also be a component of IL4 receptors. This protein has been shown to bind tyrosine kinase TYK2, and thus may mediate the signaling processes that lead to the activation of JAK1, STAT3 and STAT6 induced by IL13 and IL4.

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.