

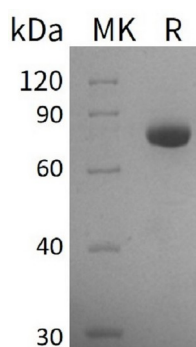
Product Name: Recombinant Human GALNT3 (C-6His)
Catalog #: PHH0711



Summary

Name	GALNT3/Polypeptide GalNAc transferase 3
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/ μ g as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human Polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 3 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Gln38-Asp633 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	Q14435
Host	Human Cells
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	69.1 KDa
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	

SDS-PAGE image



Background

Alternative Names	Polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 3; Polypeptide GalNAc transferase 3; GalNAc-T3; pp-GaNTase 3; Protein-UDP acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 3; UDP-GalNAc:polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 3; HFTC; HHS
Background	Polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 3(GALNT3) belongs to the

Product Name: Recombinant Human GALNT3 (C-6His)
Catalog #: PHH0711



glycosyltransferase 2 family and galNAc-T subfamily. It expressed in organs that contain secretory epithelial glands and it highly expressed in pancreas, skin, kidney and testis. There are two conserved domains in the glycosyltransferase region: the N-terminal domain (domain A, also called GT1 motif), which is probably involved in manganese coordination and substrate binding and the C-terminal domain (domain B, also called Gal/GalNAc-T motif), which is probably involved in catalytic reaction and UDP-Gal binding .This protein plays a major role in regulating phosphate levels within the body (phosphate homeostasis). Among its many functions, phosphate plays a critical role in the formation and growth of bones in childhood and helps maintain bone strength in adults.

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.