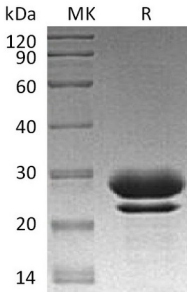
Product Name: Recombinant Human FKBP7 (C-6His)
Catalog #: PHH0672

Summary

Name	FKBP7/PPIase FKBP7
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human Peptidyl-Prolyl Cis-Trans Isomerase FKBP7 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Gln24-Leu222 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	Q9Y680
Host	Human Cells
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	23.94 KDa
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 1mM CaCl2, 10% Glycerol, pH 7.5.
Shipping	The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	

SDS-PAGE image



Background

Alternative Names	Peptidyl-Prolyl Cis-Trans Isomerase FKBP7; PPIase FKBP7; 23 kDa FK506-Binding Protein; 23 kDa FKBP; FKBP-23; FK506-Binding Protein 7; FKBP-7; Rotamase; FKBP7; FKBP23
Background	Peptidyl-Prolyl Cis-Trans Isomerase FKBP7 (FKBP7) is a member of the FKBP-type peptidyl-prolyl cis/trans isomerase (PPIase) family. FKBP7 contains two EF-hand

domains and one PPIase FKBP-type domain. FKBP7 exhibits PPIase activity and function as molecular chaperones. In addition, FKBP7 accelerates the folding of proteins during protein synthesis. It has been shown that Hsp90 complex to the nucleus bind its PPIase domain to cytoplasmic dynein, the motor protein responsible for retrograde movement along microtubules.

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.