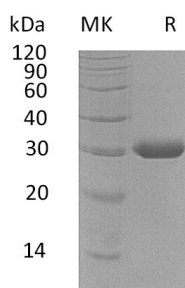


Summary

Name	BTN3A3/Butyrophilin subfamily 3 member A3
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human Butyrophilin Subfamily 3 Member A3 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Gln30-Trp248 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.
Accession #	O00478
Host	Human Cells
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	24.6 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image



Background

Product Name: Recombinant Human BTN3A3 (C-6His)
Catalog #: PHH0179



Alternative Names

Butyrophilin subfamily 3 member A3;BTN3A3

Background

Human BTN3A3, also known as butyrophilin subfamily 3 member A3 and BTF3, is a Single-pass type I membrane protein which belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily and BTN/MOG family. The butyrophilin (BTN) genes are a group of major histocompatibility complex (MHC)-associated genes that encode type I membrane proteins with 2 extracellular immunoglobulin domains and an intracellular B30.2 (PRYSPRY) domain. It can be detected in peripheral blood mononuclear cells, T-cells I, spleen and lymphocytes. BTN3A3 plays a role in T-cell responses in the adaptive immune response.

Note

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.