Product Name: Recombinant Human ALPL (C-6His)

Catalog #: PHH0042



Summary

Name Alkaline Phosphatase/ALPL/ALP/Akp2

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level <1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.

Construction Recombinant Human Alkaline Phosphatase, Tissue-Nonspecific Isozyme is

produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene

encoding Leu18-Ser502 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession # P05186

Host Human Cells

Species Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 54.4 KDa

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl,1mM DTT,1mM

EDTA,500mM NaCl,0.1%Trition X-100,pH 8.0.

Shipping The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately

at the temperature listed below.

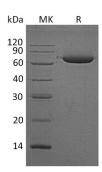
Stability&Storage Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

cycles.

Reconstitution

SDS-PAGE image



Background

Alternative Names Alkaline Phosphatase; Tissue-Nonspecific Isozyme; AP-TNAP; TNSALP; Alkaline

Phosphatase Liver/Bone/Kidney Isozyme; ALPL

Background Alkaline Phosphatase, Tissue-Nonspecific Isozyme (ALPL) is a cell membrane

protein which belongs to the alkaline phosphatase family. There are at least four

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distinct but related alkaline phosphatases in humans: intestinal AP (IAP), placental AP(PLAP), germ cell AP (GCAP) and their genes are clustered on chromosome 2, tissue-nonspecific isozyme (TNAP) which gene is located on chromosome 1. Alkaline phosphatases (APs) are dimeric enzymes, it catalyze the hydrolysis of phosphomonoesters with release of inorganic phosphate. The native ALPL is a glycosylated homodimer attached to the membrane through a GPI-anchor. This isozyme may play a role in skeletal mineralization. Mutations in ALPL gene have been linked directly to different forms of hypophosphatasia, characterized by poorly mineralized cartilage and bones, and this disorder can vary depending on the specific mutation since this determines age of onset and severity of symptoms.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.

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