Product Name: Recombinant Human DYNLL1 (N-6His) Catalog #: PEH1328



## Summary

Name	PIN/DYNLL1
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/ $\mu$ g as determined by LAL test.
Construction	Recombinant Human Cytoplasmic Dynein Light Chain 1 is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Met1-Gly89 is expressed with a 6His tag at the N-terminus.
Accession #	P63167
Host	E.coli
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	12.5 KDa
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution of 20mM Histidine-HCl, 10% Trehalose, 0.05% Tween 80, pH6.0.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

## SDS-PAGE image



## Background



Alternative Names	Dynein Light Chain 1 Cytoplasmic; 8 kDa Dynein Light Chain; DLC8; Dynein Light Chain LC8-Type 1; Protein Inhibitor of Neuronal Nitric Oxide Synthase; PIN; DYNLL1; DLC1; DNCL1; DNCLC1; HDLC1
Background	Human Dynein Cytoplasmic Light Chain 1 (DYNLL1) has been identified as a protein that interacts with NOS1, leading to NOS1 inhibition. NOS1 dimer is destabilized after binding DYNLL1 a conformation necessary activity, and it regulate numerous biologic processes throughits effects on nitric oxide synthase activity. DYNLL1 is widely expressed, with higher expression in testis and moderate expression in brain.

## Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.