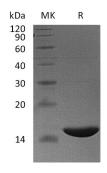


Summary

Name	FABP6/I-BABP
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/µg as determined by LAL test.
Construction Accession #	Recombinant Human Fatty Acid-Binding Protein 6 is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Met1-Ala128 is expressed with a 6His tag at the N-terminus. AAH22489.1
Host	E.coli
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	16.6 KDa
Formulation	
	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 0.5mM DTT, 50% Glycerol, pH 8.0.
Shipping	Glycerol, pH 8.0. The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately
Shipping Stability&Storage	Glycerol, pH 8.0.

SDS-PAGE image



Background

Alternative Names	Gastrotropin; GT; Fatty Acid-Binding Protein 6; Ileal Lipid-Binding Protein; ILBP; Intestinal 15 kDa Protein; I-15P; Intestinal Bile Acid-Binding Protein; I-BABP; FABP6; ILBP: ILLBP
Background	Fatty Acid-Binding Protein 6 (FABP6) is cytoplasmic protein that binds long-chain



fatty acids and other hydrophobic ligands which belongs to the calycin superfamily. FABP6 expression is restricted in the small intestine to the ileum where it is involved in the enterohepatic circulation of bile acids. FABP6 forms a beta-barrel structure that accommodates the hydrophobic ligand in its interior. Isoform 2 is expressed in colorectal adenocarcinomas and their adjacent normal mucosa (at protein level). Isoform 1 is expressed in the jejunum, ileum, cecum and ascending colon intestine. FABP6 plays a role in fatty acid uptake, transport, and metabolism. FABP6 stimulates gastric acid and pepsinogen secretion. It seems to be able to bind to bile salts and bilirubins.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.