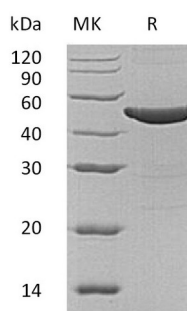


## Summary

<b>Name</b>	ASS1/Argininosuccinate synthase
<b>Purity</b>	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
<b>Endotoxin level</b>	<1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
<b>Construction</b>	Recombinant Human Argininosuccinate Synthase is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Met1-Lys412 is expressed with a 6His tag at the N-terminus.
<b>Accession #</b>	P00966
<b>Host</b>	E.coli
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Predicted Molecular Mass</b>	42.8 KDa
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, 50mM Imidazole, 1mM DTT, 40% Glycerol, pH 7.5.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
<b>Stability&amp;Storage</b>	Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at ≤-70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	

## SDS-PAGE image



## Background

**Alternative Names** Argininosuccinate Synthase; Citrulline--Aspartate Ligase; ASS1; ASS

**Background** Argininosuccinate Synthase (ASS1) is an urea cycle enzyme with a tetrameric structure composed of identical subunits. ASS1 is involved in the synthesis of

**Product Name: Recombinant Human ASS1 (N-6His)**  
**Catalog #: PEH0107**



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arginine and catalyzes that condensation of citrulline and aspartate to argininosuccinate using ATP. ASS1 is important to the urea cycle as it catalyzes the important second last step in the arginine biosynthetic pathway. ASS1 mainly expressed in periportal hepatocytes, but also in most other body tissues. A deficiency of ASS1 causes citrullinemia (CTLN1), an autosomal recessive disease which is characterized by severe vomiting spells and mental retardation.

**Note**

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.