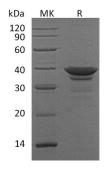


Summary

Name	Arginase-1/ARG1
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	<1 EU/µg as determined by LAL test.
Construction Accession #	Recombinant Human Arginase-1 is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Met1-lys322 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus. P05089
Host	E.coli
Species	Human
Predicted Molecular Mass	35.8 KDa
Predicted Molecular Mass Formulation	35.8 KDa Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 20% Glycerol, 1mM DTT, pH 7.4.
	Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 20%
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 20% Glycerol, 1mM DTT, pH 7.4. The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately

SDS-PAGE image



Background

Alternative Names	Arginase-1; Liver-type arginase; Type I arginase; ARG1
Background	ARG1 is a member of the ureohydrolase family of enzymes. ARG1 can catalyze the hydrolysis of arginine to ornithine and urea. In the urea cycle, ARG1 catalyzes the

Product Name: Recombinant Human ARG1 (C-6His) Catalog #: PEH0096



fifth and final step, a series of biochemical reactions in mammals during which the body disposes of harmful ammonia. ARG1 is a cytosolic enzyme and expressed widely in the liver as part of the urea cycle. Inherited deficiency of this ARG1 causes argininemia, which is an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by hyperammonemia.

Note For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.