Product Name: Recombinant Human VEGF165

Catalog #: PCH2544



Summary

Name VEGF165

Purity Greater than 98% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin level ≤10 EU/mg

Construction Recombinant Human VEGF165 is produced by our Mammalian cell expression

system and the target gene encoding Ala27-Arg191 is expressed.

Accession # P15692

Host Human Cells

Species Human

Predicted Molecular Mass 19.1 kDa

Formulation Lyophilized From PBS,5% mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80, pH7.4

Shipping The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs.Upon receipt, store it immediately

at the temperature listed below.

Stability&Storage Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt.Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3

months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw

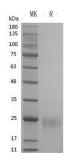
cycles

Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening.Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.It is not

recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.Always centrifuge tubes before opening.Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.Please

aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SDS-PAGE image



Background

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Alternative Names Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Isoform 165; VEGF165

Background Human Vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), also known as VEGF-A and

vascular permeability factor (VPF), belongs to the platelet-derived growth factor family of cysteine-knot growth factors. It is a potent activator in vasculogenesis and angiogenesis both physiologically and pathologically. VEGF-A has 8 differently spliced isoforms, of which VEGF165 is the most abundant one. VEGF165 is a disulfide-linked homodimer consisting of two glycosylated 165 amino acid polypeptide chains. VEGF stimulates the cellular response through binding to tyrosine kinase receptors VEGFR1 and VEGFR2 on the cell surface. It is widely accepted that VEGFR2 mediate almost all of the known cellular responses to VEGF while the function of VEGFR1 is less defined and is thought to modulate the

VEGFR2 signaling.

Note

For Research Use Only, Not for Diagnostic Use.

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