

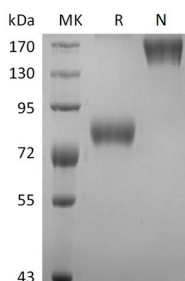
**Product Name: Recombinant Human CD19 (C-Fc)**  
**Catalog #: PCH0305**



## Summary

<b>Name</b>	CD19/CD19 Molecule
<b>Purity</b>	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
<b>Endotoxin level</b>	<1 EU/ $\mu$ g as determined by LAL test.
<b>Construction</b>	Recombinant Human CD19 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Pro20-Lys291 is expressed with a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus.
<b>Accession #</b>	P15391
<b>Host</b>	CHO Stable Cells
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Predicted Molecular Mass</b>	57.3 KDa
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
<b>Stability&amp;Storage</b>	Store at $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at $\leq$ -70°C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu$ g/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

## SDS-PAGE image



## Background

**Product Name: Recombinant Human CD19 (C-Fc)**  
**Catalog #: PCH0305**



---

**Alternative Names**

B-Lymphocyte Antigen CD19; B-Lymphocyte Surface Antigen B4; Differentiation Antigen CD19; T-Cell Surface Antigen Leu-12; CD19

**Background**

CD19 is a single-pass type I membrane protein containing 2 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains. CD19 is expressed on follicular dendritic cells and B cells. In fact, it is present on B cells from earliest recognizable B-lineage cells during development to B-cell blasts but is lost on maturation to plasma cells. CD19 primarily acts as a B cell co-receptor in conjunction with CD21 and CD81. Upon activation, the cytoplasmic tail of CD19 becomes phosphorylated, which leads to binding by Src-family kinases and recruitment of PI-3 kinase. CD19 Assembles with the antigen receptor of B lymphocytes in order to decrease the threshold for antigen receptor-dependent stimulation.

**Note**

For Research Use Only , Not for Diagnostic Use.