

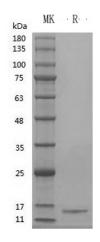
Summary

Name	TGF-β2
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE
Endotoxin level	≤10 EU/mg
Construction	Recombinant Human TGF- $eta 2$ is produced by our Mammalian cell
	expression system and the target gene encoding Ala 303-Ser 414 is
	expressed.
Accession #	P61812
Тад	Tag free
Host	Mammalian cell
Species	Human
Predicted MW	12.7 kDa
Form	Lyophilized
Buffer	0.085% TFA,30% ACN,5% mannitol,pH 2.5
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it
	immediately at the temperature listed below.
Stability&Storage	Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 6 months after receipt. Store at \leq -70°C, stable for 3
	months under sterile conditions after opening. Please minimize freeze-thaw
	cycles.
Reconstitution	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It
	is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than $100\mu g/ml$.
	Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the
	reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Always centrifuge tubes
	before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to
	reconstitute to a concentration less than $100\mu g/ml$. Dissolve the lyophilized
	protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize
	freeze-thaw cycles.

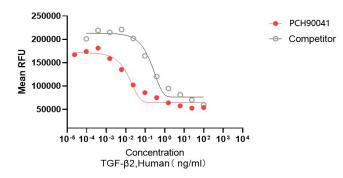
SDS-PAGE image

Product Name: GMP Recombinant Human TGF-β2 Catalog#: PCH90041





Bioactivity image



The ED50 for this effect is ≤ 0.3 ng/mL.

Background

References

Alternative Names

Transforming growth factor beta-2; TGFB2; Polyergin; G-TSF; Glioblastomaderived T-cell suppressor factor; Cetermin; BSC-1 cell growth inhibitor; TGFbeta-2

Transforming growth factor beta-2 (TGF-β2) is a secreted protein which belongs to the TGF-beta family. It is known as a cytokine that performs many cellular functions and has a vital role during embryonic development. The precursor is cleaved into mature TGF-beta-2 and LAP, which remains noncovalently linked to mature TGF-beta-2 rendering it inactive. It is an extracellular glycosylated protein. It is known to suppress the effects of interleukin dependent T-cell tumors. Defects in TGFB2 may be a cause of non-syndromic aortic disease (NSAD).



Note

For research use only .