Product Name: Vitronectin Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog #: APRab19809



Summary

Production Name Vitronectin Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Description Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit
Application WB

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name VTN

Alternative Names VTN; Vitronectin; VN; S-protein; Serum-spreading factor; V75

Gene ID 7448.0

P04004.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the **SwissProt ID**

Internal region of human VTN. AA range:50-100

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000.

Molecular Weight 55kD

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the pexin family. It is found in serum and tissues and promotes cell

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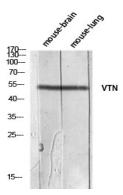


adhesion and spreading, inhibits the membrane-damaging effect of the terminal cytolytic complement pathway, and binds to several serpin serine protease inhibitors. It is a secreted protein and exists in either a single chain form or a clipped, two chain form held together by a disulfide bond. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],domain:The SMB domain mediates interaction with SERPINE1/PAI1. The heparin-binding domain mediates interaction with insulin,,function:Somatomedin-B is a growth hormone-dependent serum factor with protease-inhibiting activity,,function:Vitronectin is a cell adhesion and spreading factor found in serum and tissues. Vitronectin interact with glycosaminoglycans and proteoglycans. Is recognized by certain members of the integrin family and serves as a cell-to-substrate adhesion molecule. Inhibitor of the membrane-damaging effect of the terminal cytolytic complement pathway,,PTM:It has been suggested that the active SMB domain may be permitted considerable disulfide bond heterogeneity or variability, thus two alternate disulfide patterns based on 3D structures are described with 1 disulfide bond conserved in both,,PTM:N- and O-glycosylated,,PTM:Phosphorylation on Thr-69 and Thr-76 favors cell adhesion and spreading,,PTM:Sulfated on 2 tyrosine residues,,similarity:Contains 1 SMB (somatomedin-B) domain,,similarity:Contains 4 hemopexin-like domains,,subunit:Exists in two forms: a single chain 75 kDa form (V75) and a clipped form composed of two chains (65 kDa and 10 kDa) (V65+V10) which are held together by a disulfide bond. Interacts with SERPINE1/PAI1 and insulin,,tissue specificity:Plasma.

Research Area

Focal adhesion; ECM-receptor interaction;

Image Data



Western blot analysis of mouse-brain mouse-lung lysis using VTN antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:1000. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

Note

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