

# Summary

Production Name	Tyk 2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	IF,IHC,WB,
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Monkey

#### Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
lsotype	lgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw
	cycles.
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

#### Immunogen

Gene Name	ТҮК2
Alternative Names	TYK2; Non-receptor tyrosine-protein kinase TYK2
Gene ID	7297.0
SwissProt ID	P29597.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human
	TYK2. AA range:1020-1069

# Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested	
	in other applications.	
Molecular Weight	134kD	



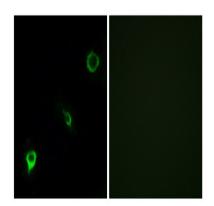
#### Background

tyrosine kinase 2(TYK2) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a member of the tyrosine kinase and, more specifically, the Janus kinases (JAKs) protein families. This protein associates with the cytoplasmic domain of type I and type II cytokine receptors and promulgate cytokine signals by phosphorylating receptor subunits. It is also component of both the type I and type III interferon signaling pathways. As such, it may play a role in anti-viral immunity. A mutation in this gene has been associated with hyperimmunoglobulin E syndrome (HIES) - a primary immunodeficiency characterized by elevated serum immunoglobulin E. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate,disease:Defects in TYK2 are the cause of protein-tyrosine kinase 2 deficiency (TYK2 deficiency) [MIM:611521]; also called autosomal recessive hyper-IgE syndrome (HIES) with atypical mycobacteriosis. The syndrome consists of a primary immunodeficiency characterized by recurrent skin abscesses, pneumonia, and highly elevated serum IgE,domain:The FERM domain mediates interaction with JAKMIP1.,function:Probably involved in intracellular signal transduction by being involved in the initiation of type I IFN signaling. Phosphorylates the interferon-alpha/beta receptor alpha chain.,online information:TYK2 mutation db,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. JAK subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 FERM domain.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Contains 1 FERM domain.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Contains 1 FERM domain,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain, similarity:Contains 1 FERM domain, sepecificity:Observed in all cell lines analyzed. Expressed in a variety of lymphoid and non-lymphoid cell lines.,

#### **Research Area**

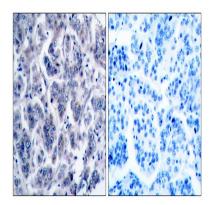
Jak\_STAT;

## Image Data

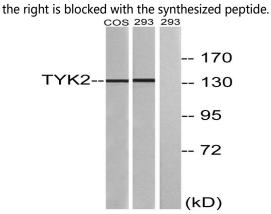


Immunofluorescence analysis of COS7 cells, using TYK2 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

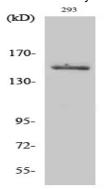




Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using TYK2 Antibody. The picture on



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 and COS7 cells, treated with heat shock, using TYK2 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Tyk 2 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 2000. Secondary antibody was diluted at

1:20000

## Note

For research use only.