Catalog #: APRab17987



Summary

Smad1/5/9 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody **Production Name**

Description Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit **Application** WB,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Performance

Conjugation Unconjugated Modification Unmodified

Isotype IgG

Clonality Polyclonal Form Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw

cycles.

Buffer Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Immunogen

Alternative Names

Storage

Gene Name SMAD1/SMAD5/SMAD9

SMAD1; BSP1; MADH1; MADR1; Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 1; MAD

homolog 1; Mothers against DPP homolog 1; JV4-1; Mad-related protein 1; SMAD

family member 1; SMAD 1; Smad1; hSMAD1; Transforming growth factor-beta-

signaling protein

Gene ID 4086/4090/4093

Q15797/Q99717/O15198.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide SwissProt ID

derived from human Smad1/5/9. AA range:10-59

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000

Molecular Weight 56kD

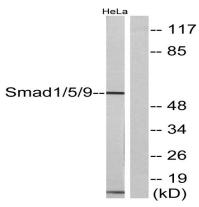
Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signals of the bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs), which are involved in a range of biological activities including cell growth, apoptosis, morphogenesis, development and immune responses. In response to BMP ligands, this protein can be phosphorylated and activated by the BMP receptor kinase. The phosphorylated form of this protein forms a complex with SMAD4, which is important for its function in the transcription regulation. This protein is a target for SMAD-specific E3 ubiquitin ligases, such as SMURF1 and SMURF2, and undergoes ubiquitination and proteasomemedfunction:Transcriptional modulator activated by BMP (bone morphogenetic proteins) type 1 receptor kinase. SMAD1 is a receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD), PTM: Phosphorylated on serine by BMP type 1 receptor kinase., PTM: Ubiquitinmediated proteolysis by SMAD-specific E3 ubiquitin ligase SMURF1,,similarity:Belongs to the dwarfin/SMAD family,,similarity:Contains 1 MH1 (MAD homology 1) domain.,similarity:Contains 1 MH2 (MAD homology 2) domain, subcellular location: Cytoplasmic in the absence of ligand. Migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4., subunit: Interacts with HGS, NANOG and ZCCHC12 (By similarity). May form trimers with another SMAD1 and the co-SMAD SMAD4. Interacts with PEBP2-alpha subunit, CREB-binding protein (CBP), p300, SMURF1, SMURF2 and HOXC8. Associates with ZNF423 or ZNF521 in response to BMP2 leading to activate transcription of BMP target genes. Interacts with LBXCOR1.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitous. Highest expression seen in the heart and skeletal muscle.,

Research Area

TGF-beta:

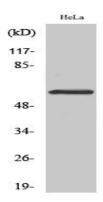
Image Data



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells, using Smad1/5/9 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.







Western Blot analysis of various cells using Smad1/5/9 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 500

Note

For research use only.