

**Product Name: SL9C1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog #: APRab17941**



## Summary

<b>Production Name</b>	SL9C1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human,Rat,Mouse

## Performance

<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Buffer</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% New type preservative N.
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification

## Immunogen

<b>Gene Name</b>	SLC9C1 SLC9A10
<b>Alternative Names</b>	
<b>Gene ID</b>	285335.0
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	Q4G0N8.Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein

## Application

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	129kD

## Background

SLC9A10 is a member of the sodium-hydrogen exchanger (NHE) family (see SLC9A1, MIM 107310) and is required for male fertility and sperm motility (Wang et al., 2003 [PubMed 14634667]).[supplied by OMIM, Apr 2009],domain:The ion

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transport-like region is related to the membrane segments of voltage-gated ion channels. Its function is unknown.,function:Sperm-specific sodium/hydrogen exchanger involved in intracellular pH regulation of spermatozoa. Required for sperm motility and fertility. Involved in sperm cell hyperactivation, a step needed for sperm motility which is essential late in the preparation of sperm for fertilization. Required for the expression and bicarbonate regulation of the soluble adenylyl cyclase (sAC),similarity:Belongs to the monovalent cation:proton antiporter 1 (CPA1) transporter (TC 2.A.36) family.,similarity:Contains 1 cyclic nucleotide-binding domain.,subunit:Interacts with soluble adenylyl cyclase (sAC),

## Research Area

## Image Data



Western Blot analysis of HEK293 lysis, using primary antibody at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:10000

## Note

For research use only.