

Product Name: PTN13 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog #: APRab16656



Summary

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Production Name | PTN13 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody |
| Description | Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Application | WB,ELISA |
| Reactivity | Human,Rat,Mouse |

Performance

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Conjugation | Unconjugated |
| Modification | Unmodified |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Form | Liquid |
| Storage | Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. |
| Buffer | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% New type preservative N. |
| Purification | Affinity purification |

Immunogen

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Gene Name | PTPN13 PNP1 PTP1E PTPL1 |
| Alternative Names | |
| Gene ID | 5783.0 |
| SwissProt ID | Q12923.Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein |

Application

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Dilution Ratio | IHC 1:50-300 |
| Molecular Weight | 273kD |

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic

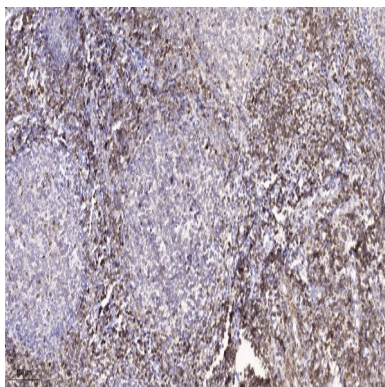
Product Name: PTN13 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog #: APRab16656



transformation. This PTP is a large intracellular protein. It has a catalytic PTP domain at its C-terminus and two major structural domains: a region with five PDZ domains and a FERM domain that binds to plasma membrane and cytoskeletal elements. This PTP was found to interact with, and dephosphorylate, Fas receptor and IkappaBalpha through the PDZ domains. This suggests it has a role in Fas mediated programmed cell death. This PTP was also shown to interact with GTPase-activating protein, and thus may function as a regulator of Rho signaling pathways. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants, which encode distinct proteins, hacatalytic activity:Protein tyrosine phosphate + H(2)O = protein tyrosine + phosphate.,function:Regulates negatively FAS-induced apoptosis and NGFR-mediated pro-apoptotic signaling.,sequence caution:Contaminating sequence. Potential poly-A sequence.,similarity:Belongs to the protein-tyrosine phosphatase family. Non-receptor class subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 FERM domain.,similarity:Contains 1 KIND domain.,similarity:Contains 1 tyrosine-protein phosphatase domain.,similarity:Contains 3 PDZ (DHR) domains.,similarity:Contains 4 PDZ (DHR) domains.,similarity:Contains 5 PDZ (DHR) domains.,subunit:Interacts with TRIP6 and TNFRSF6 (Fas receptor) through its second PDZ domain. Interacts with the C-terminal SVP motif of NGFR through its third PDZ domain. Interacts with the LIM domain of PDLIM4 through its second and fourth PDZ domains. Binds PLEKHA1 and PLEKHA2 through its first PDZ domain. Interacts with BRD7 and ARHGAP29.,tissue specificity:Present in most tissues with the exception of the liver and skeletal muscle. Most abundant in lung, kidney and fetal brain.,

Research Area

Image Data



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil. 1, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 2 Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4° overnight.3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 45min) .

Note

For research use only.