### **Summary**

Laminin α-3 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody **Production Name** 

Description Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit

**Application** IF,IHC,WB,ELISA Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

## **Performance**

Conjugation Unconjugated Modification Unmodified

Isotype lgG

Clonality Polyclonal Form Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw Storage

cycles.

**Buffer** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.

**Purification** Affinity purification

### **Immunogen**

**Gene Name** LAMA3

LAMA3; LAMNA; Laminin subunit alpha-3; Epiligrin 170 kDa subunit; E170; Epiligrin

**Alternative Names** subunit alpha; Kalinin subunit alpha; Laminin-5 subunit alpha; Laminin-6 subunit alpha;

Laminin-7 subunit alpha; Nicein subunit alpha

Gene ID 3909.0

Q16787. The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SwissProt ID

LAMA3. AA range:2571-2620

# **Application**

WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:40000. Not yet tested in **Dilution Ratio** 

other applications.

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838 Molecular Weight 120 60kD

### **Background**

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the laminin family of secreted molecules. Laminins are heterotrimeric molecules that consist of alpha, beta, and gamma subunits that assemble through a coiled-coil domain. Laminins are essential for formation and function of the basement membrane and have additional functions in regulating cell migration and mechanical signal transduction. This gene encodes an alpha subunit and is responsive to several epithelialmesenchymal regulators including keratinocyte growth factor, epidermal growth factor and insulin-like growth factor. Mutations in this gene have been identified as the cause of Herlitz type junctional epidermolysis bullosa and laryngoonychocutaneous syndrome. Alternative splicing and alternative promoter usage result in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2014], disease: Defects in LAMA3 are a cause of epidermolysis bullosa junctional Herlitz type (H-JEB) [MIM:226700]; also known as junctional epidermolysis bullosa Herlitz-Pearson type. JEB defines a group of blistering skin diseases characterized by tissue separation which occurs within the dermo-epidermal basement membrane. H-JEB is a severe, infantile and lethal form. Death occurs usually within the first six months of life. Occasionally, children survive to teens. H-JEB is marked by bullous lesions at birth and extensive denudation of skin and mucous membranes that may be hemorrhagic., disease: Defects in LAMA3 are the cause of laryngoonychocutaneous syndrome (LOCS) [MIM:245660]. LOCS is an autosomal recessive epithelial disorder confined to the Punjabi Muslim population. The condition is characterized by cutaneous erosions, nail dystrophy and exuberant vascular granulation tissue in certain epithelia, especially conjunctiva and larynx, domain:Domain G is globular, domain:The alpha-helical domains I and II are thought to interact with other laminin chains to form a coiled coil structure, function: Binding to cells via a high affinity receptor, laminin is thought to mediate the attachment, migration and organization of cells into tissues during embryonic development by interacting with other extracellular matrix components, function: Laminin-5 is thought to be involved in (1) cell adhesion via integrin alpha-3/beta-1 in focal adhesion and integrin alpha-6/beta-4 in hemidesmosomes, (2) signal transduction via tyrosine phosphorylation of pp125-FAK and p80, (3) differentiation of keratinocytes.,induction:Laminin-5 is up-regulated in wound sites of human skin., similarity: Contains 1 laminin IV type A domain., similarity: Contains 1 laminin IV terminal domain., similarity: Contains 15 Iaminin EGF-like domains., similarity: Contains 5 Iaminin G-like domains., subcellular location:Major component.,subunit:Laminin is a complex glycoprotein, consisting of three different polypeptide chains (alpha, beta, gamma), which are bound to each other by disulfide bonds into a cross-shaped molecule comprising one long and three short arms with globules at each end. Alpha-3 is a subunit of laminin-5 (epiligrin/kalinin/nicein), and possibly also a component of laminin-6 (K-laminin) and laminin-7 (KS-laminin), tissue specificity: Skin; respiratory, urinary, and digestive epithelia and in other specialized tissues with prominent secretory or protective functions. Epithelial basement membrane, and epithelial cell tongue that migrates into a wound bed. A differential and focal expression of the subunit alpha-3 is observed in the CNS.,

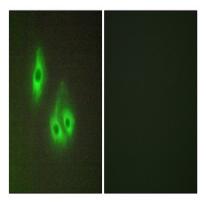
### Research Area

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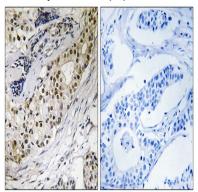


Focal adhesion; ECM-receptor interaction; Pathways in cancer; Small cell lung cancer;

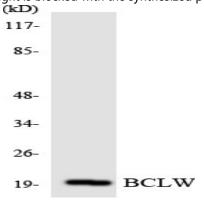
# **Image Data**



Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells, using LAMA3 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma tissue, using LAMA3 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from HeLa cells using BCLW antibody.

### Note

# Product Name: Laminin α-3 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody EnkiLife Catalog #: APRab13198

For research use only.

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