Product Name: KIR5.1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: APRab13032



Summary

Production Name KIR5.1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Description Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit
Application IF,IHC,WB,

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Performance

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

Isotype IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw Storage

cycles.

Buffer Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name KCNJ16

KCNJ16; Inward rectifier potassium channel 16; Inward rectifier K(+) channel Kir5.1; Alternative Names

Potassium channel; inwardly rectifying subfamily J member 16

Gene ID 16517.0

Q9NPI9.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from mouse **SwissProt ID**

Kir5.1. AA range:369-418

Application

WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested

Dilution Ratio

in other applications.

Molecular Weight 48kD

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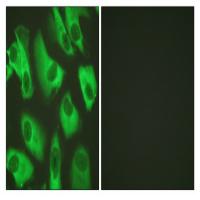


Background

Potassium channels are present in most mammalian cells, where they participate in a wide range of physiologic responses. The protein encoded by this gene is an integral membrane protein and inward-rectifier type potassium channel. The encoded protein, which tends to allow potassium to flow into rather than out of a cell, can form heterodimers with two other inward-rectifier type potassium channels. It may function in fluid and pH balance regulation. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2014], function:Inward rectifier potassium channels are characterized by a greater tendency to allow potassium to flow into the cell rather than out of it. Their voltage dependence is regulated by the concentration of extracellular potassium; as external potassium is raised, the voltage range of the channel opening shifts to more positive voltages. The inward rectification is mainly due to the blockage of outward current by internal magnesium. KCNJ16 may be involved in the regulation of fluid and pH balance.,similarity:Belongs to the inward rectifier-type potassium channel family,,subunit:Seems to form heterodimer with Kir4.1/KCNJ10 or Kir2.1/KCNJ2,tissue specificity:Highly expressed in kidney, pancreas and thyroid gland.,

Research Area

Image Data



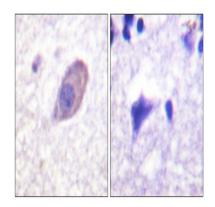
Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using Kir5.1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

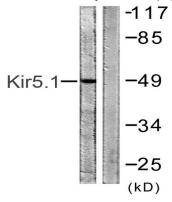
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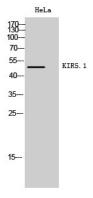




Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue, using Kir5.1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells, using Kir5.1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western Blot analysis of HeLa cells using KIR5.1 Polyclonal Antibody

Note

For research use only.