Product Name: HC-II Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog #: APRab11928

Summary

Production Name	HC-II Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	IF,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name	SERPIND1
Alternative Names	SERPIND1; HCF2; Heparin cofactor 2; Heparin cofactor II; HC-II; Protease inhibitor leuserpin-2; HLS2; Serpin D1
Gene ID	3053.0
SwissProt ID	P05546.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Heparin Cofactor II. AA range:41-90

Application

Dilution Ratio	IF 1:200-1:1000. ELISA: 1:5000.
Molecular Weight	60kD

Background

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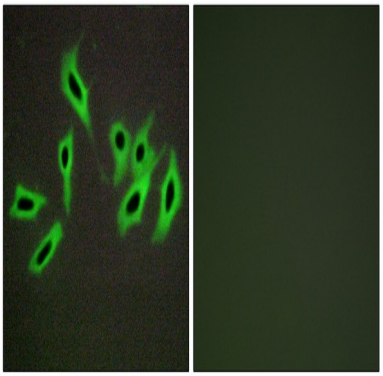
This gene belongs to the serpin gene superfamily. Serpins play roles in many processes including inflammation, blood clotting, and cancer metastasis. Members of this family have highly conserved secondary structures with a reactive center loop that interacts with the protease active site to inhibit protease activity. This gene encodes a plasma serine protease that functions as a thrombin and chymotrypsin inhibitor. The protein is activated by heparin, dermatan sulfate, and glycosaminoglycans. Allelic variations in this gene are associated with heparin cofactor II deficiency. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2015],disease:Defects in SERPIND1 are the cause of heparin cofactor 2 deficiency (HCF2D) [MIM:612356]. HCF2D is an important risk factor for hereditary thrombophilia, a hemostatic disorder characterized by a tendency to recurrent thrombosis.,domain:The N-terminal acidic repeat region mediates, in part, the glycosaminoglycan-accelerated thrombin inhibition.,function:Peptides at the N-terminal of HC-II have chemotactic activity for both monocytes and neutrophils.,function:Thrombin inhibitor activated by the glycosaminoglycans, heparin or dermatan sulfate. In the presence of the latter, HC-II becomes the predominant thrombin inhibitor in place of antithrombin III (AT-III). Also inhibits chymotrypsin, but in a glycosaminoglycan-independent manner.,similarity:Belongs to the serpin family.,tissue specificity:Expressed predominantly in liver.,

Research Area

Complement and coagulation cascades;

Image Data



Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells, using Heparin Cofactor II Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Note

For research use only.