

## Summary

|                        |                                 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>Production Name</b> | Gy 5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody |
| <b>Description</b>     | Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody      |
| <b>Host</b>            | Rabbit                          |
| <b>Application</b>     | IF,ELISA                        |
| <b>Reactivity</b>      | Human,Mouse,Rat                 |

## Performance

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| <b>Conjugation</b>  | Unconjugated   |
| <b>Modification</b> | Unmodified   |
| <b>Isotype</b>      | IgG  |
| <b>Clonality</b>    | Polyclonal   |
| <b>Form</b>         | Liquid   |
| <b>Storage</b>      | Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. |
| <b>Buffer</b>       | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.       |
| <b>Purification</b> | Affinity purification  |

## Immunogen

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| <b>Gene Name</b>         | GNG5  |
| <b>Alternative Names</b> | GNG5; GNGT5; Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-5                        |
| <b>Gene ID</b>           | 2787.0  |
| <b>SwissProt ID</b>      | P63218.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human GNG5. AA range:10-59 |

## Application

|                         |                                  |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <b>Dilution Ratio</b>   | IF 1:200-1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000. |
| <b>Molecular Weight</b> |                                  |

## Background

G protein subunit gamma 5(GNG5) Homo sapiens G proteins are trimeric (alpha-beta-gamma) membrane-associated

**Product Name: Gy 5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog #: APRab11869**



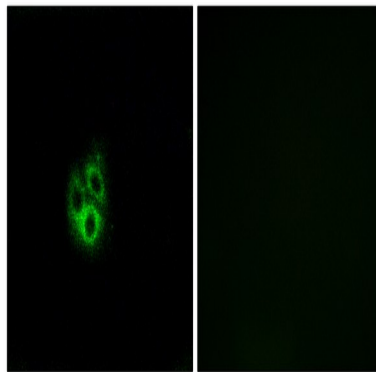
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proteins that regulate flow of information from cell surface receptors to a variety of internal metabolic effectors. Interaction of a G protein with its activated receptor promotes exchange of GTP for GDP that is bound to the alpha subunit. The alpha-GTP complex dissociates from the beta-gamma heterodimer so that the subunits, in turn, may interact with and regulate effector molecules (Gilman, 1987 [PubMed 3113327]; summary by Ahmad et al., 1995) [PubMed 7606925]. [supplied by OMIM, Nov 2010], function: Guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) are involved as a modulator or transducer in various transmembrane signaling systems. The beta and gamma chains are required for the GTPase activity, for replacement of GDP by GTP, and for G protein-effector interaction., similarity: Belongs to the G protein gamma family., subunit: G proteins are composed of 3 units, alpha, beta and gamma.,

## Research Area

Chemokine;

## Image Data



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells, using GNG5 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

## Note

For research use only.