

## Summary

<b>Production Name</b>	DDR1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat

## Performance

<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Buffer</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification

## Immunogen

<b>Gene Name</b>	DDR1
<b>Alternative Names</b>	DDR1; CAK; EDDR1; NEP; NTRK4; PTK3A; RTK6; TRKE; Epithelial discoidin domain-containing receptor 1; Epithelial discoidin domain receptor 1; CD167 antigen-like family member A; Cell adhesion kinase; Discoidin receptor tyrosine kinase; HGK2;
<b>Gene ID</b>	780.0
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	Q08345.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human DDR1. AA range:749-798

## Application

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000.
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	100kD

**Product Name: DDR1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog #: APRab09867**

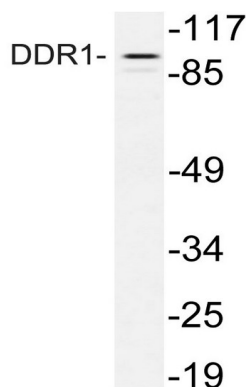


## Background

Receptor tyrosine kinases play a key role in the communication of cells with their microenvironment. These kinases are involved in the regulation of cell growth, differentiation and metabolism. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to a subfamily of tyrosine kinase receptors with homology to Dictyostelium discoideum protein discoidin I in their extracellular domain, and that are activated by various types of collagen. Expression of this protein is restricted to epithelial cells, particularly in the kidney, lung, gastrointestinal tract, and brain. In addition, it has been shown to be significantly overexpressed in several human tumors. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2011],catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,domain:The Gly/Pro-rich domains may be required for an unusual geometry of interaction with ligand or substrates.,function:May be involved in cell-cell interactions and recognition.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. Insulin receptor subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 F5/8 type C domain.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,tissue specificity:Expressed at low levels in most adult tissues and is highest in the brain and lung. Abundant in breast carcinoma cell lines.,

## Research Area

## Image Data



Western blot analysis of lysate from Jurkat cells, using DDR1 antibody.

## Note

For research use only.