

**Product Name: CP4FN Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog #: APRab09304**



## Summary

<b>Production Name</b>	CP4FN Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human,Rat,Mouse

## Performance

<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Buffer</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% New type preservative N.
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification

## Immunogen

<b>Gene Name</b>	CYP4F22
<b>Alternative Names</b>	
<b>Gene ID</b>	126410.0
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	Q6NT55.Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 440-520

## Application

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	58kD

## Background

cytochrome P450 family 4 subfamily F member 22(CYP4F22) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a member of the cytochrome P450 superfamily of enzymes. The cytochrome P450 proteins are monooxygenases which catalyze many

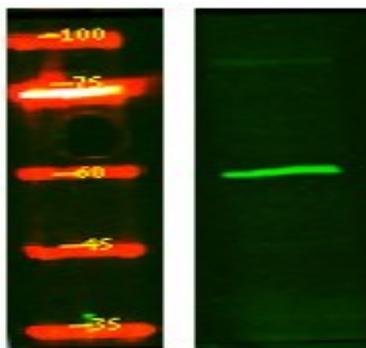
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reactions involved in drug metabolism and synthesis of cholesterol, steroids and other lipids. This gene is part of a cluster of cytochrome P450 genes on chromosome 19 and encodes an enzyme thought to play a role in the 12(R)-lipoxygenase pathway. Mutations in this gene are the cause of ichthyosis lamellar type 3. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],cofactor:Heme group.,disease:Defects in CYP4F22 are the cause of ichthyosis lamellar type 3 (LI3) [MIM:604777]. LI is a non-bullous ichthyosis, a skin disorder characterized by abnormal cornification of the epidermis. It is one the most severe forms of ichthyoses apparent at birth and persisting throughout life. LI patients are born encased in a tight, shiny, translucent covering called collodion membrane. Over the first weeks of life, the collodion membrane is gradually replaced by generalized large, dark brown, plate-like scales with minimal to no erythroderma. Tautness of facial skin commonly results in ectropion, eclabium and scarring alopecia of the scalp. Common complications are severe heat intolerance and recurrent ear infections.,similarity:Belongs to the cytochrome P450 family.,

## Research Area

## Image Data



Western Blot analysis of HEK293 lysis, using primary antibody at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:10000

## Note

For research use only.