

## Summary

Production Name	CD32-C Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB
Reactivity	Human,Rat,Mouse

#### Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
lsotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

#### Immunogen

Gene Name	FCGR2C
Alternative Names	FCGR2C; CD32; FCG2; IGFR2; Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor
	II-c; IgG Fc receptor II-c; CDw32; Fc-gamma RII-c; Fc-gamma-RIIc; FcRII-c; CD antigen
	CD32
Gene ID	9103.0
SwissProt ID	P31995.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human
	FCGR2C. AA range:251-300

# Application

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000. ELISA: 1:40000.
Molecular Weight	35kD



#### Background

caution:Has sometimes been attributed to correspond to FcR-IIB., caution:Has sometimes been attributed to correspond to FcR-IIC, disease: A chromosomal aberration involving FCGR2B is found in a follicular lymphoma. Translocation t(1;22) (q22;q11). The translocation leads to the hyperexpression of the receptor. This may play a role in the tumor progression.,domain:Contains 1 copy of a cytoplasmic motif that is referred to as the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitor motif (ITIM). This motif is involved in modulation of cellular responses. The phosphorylated ITIM motif can bind the SH2 domain of several SH2-containing phosphatases.,domain:Contains an intracytoplasmic twice repeated motif referred as immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activator motif (ITAM). These motifs are involved in triggering cell activation upon receptors aggregation, function: Receptor for the Fc region of complexed immunoglobulins gamma. Low affinity receptor. Involved in a variety of effector and regulatory functions such as phagocytosis of immune complexes and modulation of antibody production by B-cells, function: Receptor for the Fc region of complexed or aggregated immunoglobulins gamma. Low affinity receptor. Involved in a variety of effector and regulatory functions such as phagocytosis of immune complexes and modulation of antibody production by B-cells. Binding to this receptor results in down-modulation of previous state of cell activation triggered via antigen receptors on B-cells (BCR), T-cells (TCR) or via another Fc receptor. Isoform IIB1 fails to mediate endocytosis or phagocytosis. Isoform IIB2 does not trigger phagocytosis.,similarity:Contains 2 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.,subunit:Isoform IIB1 interacts with measles virus N protein. N protein is released in the blood following lysis of measles infected cells. This interaction presumably block inflammatory immune response. Interacts with INPP5D/SHIP1, tissue specificity: Is the most broadly distributed Fc-gamma-receptor. Expressed in monocyte, neutrophils, macrophages, basophils, eosinophils, Langerhans cells, B-cells, platelets cells and placenta (endothelial cells). Not detected in natural killer cells., tissue specificity: Isoform IIC1 is detected in monocytes, macrophages, polymorphonuclear cells and natural killer cells., caution: Has sometimes been attributed to correspond to FcR-IIB., caution: Has sometimes been attributed to correspond to FcR-IIC., disease: A chromosomal aberration involving FCGR2B is found in a follicular lymphoma. Translocation t(1;22)(q22;q11). The translocation leads to the hyperexpression of the receptor. This may play a role in the tumor progression, domain: Contains 1 copy of a cytoplasmic motif that is referred to as the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitor motif (ITIM). This motif is involved in modulation of cellular responses. The phosphorylated ITIM motif can bind the SH2 domain of several SH2containing phosphatases., domain: Contains an intracytoplasmic twice repeated motif referred as immunoreceptor tyrosinebased activator motif (ITAM). These motifs are involved in triggering cell activation upon receptors aggregation., function: Receptor for the Fc region of complexed immunoglobulins gamma. Low affinity receptor. Involved in a variety of effector and regulatory functions such as phagocytosis of immune complexes and modulation of antibody production by B-cells., function: Receptor for the Fc region of complexed or aggregated immunoglobulins gamma. Low affinity receptor. Involved in a variety of effector and regulatory functions such as phagocytosis of immune complexes and modulation of antibody production by B-cells. Binding to this receptor results in down-modulation of previous state of cell activation triggered via antigen receptors on B-cells (BCR), T-cells (TCR) or via another Fc receptor. Isoform IIB1 fails to mediate endocytosis or phagocytosis. Isoform IIB2 does not trigger phagocytosis., similarity: Contains 2 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains., subunit: Isoform IIB1 interacts with measles virus N protein. N protein is released in the

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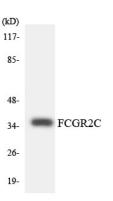


blood following lysis of measles infected cells. This interaction presumably block inflammatory immune response. Interacts with INPP5D/SHIP1.,tissue specificity:Is the most broadly distributed Fc-gamma-receptor. Expressed in monocyte, neutrophils, macrophages, basophils, eosinophils, Langerhans cells, B-cells, platelets cells and placenta (endothelial cells). Not detected in natural killer cells.,tissue specificity:Isoform IIC1 is detected in monocytes, macrophages, polymorphonuclear cells and natural killer cells.,

### **Research Area**

B\_Cell\_Antigen;Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis;Systemic lupus erythematosus;

## Image Data



Western blot analysis of the lysates from HeLa cells using FCGR2C antibody.

#### Note

For research use only.