

Summary

| Production Name | CD298 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Description | Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Application | WB |
| Reactivity | Human,Rat,Mouse |

Performance

| Conjugation | Unconjugated |
|--------------|--|
| Modification | Unmodified |
| lsotype | IgG |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Form | Liquid |
| Storage | Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. |
| Buffer | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N. |
| Purification | Affinity purification |

Immunogen

| Gene Name | ATP1B3 |
|-------------------|---|
| Alternative Names | ATP1B3; Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit beta-3; Sodium/potassium- |
| | dependent ATPase subunit beta-3; ATPB-3; CD298 |
| Gene ID | 483.0 |
| SwissProt ID | P54709.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the C- |
| | terminal region of human ATP1B3. AA range:222-271 |

Application

| Dilution Ratio | WB 1:500-1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000. |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Molecular Weight | 36kD |

Background

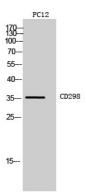


The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of Na+/K+ and H+/K+ ATPases beta chain proteins, and to the subfamily of Na+/K+ -ATPases. Na+/K+ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The beta subunit regulates, through assembly of alpha/beta heterodimers, the number of sodium pumps transported to the plasma membrane. The glycoprotein subunit of Na+/K+ -ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes a beta 3 subunit. This gene encodes a beta 3 subunfunction:This is the non-catalytic component of the active enzyme, which catalyzes the hydrolysis of ATP coupled with the exchange of Na(+) and K(+) ions across the plasma membrane. The exact function of the beta-3 subunit is not known.,similarity:Belongs to the X(+)/potassium ATPases subunit beta family.,subcellular location:Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.,subunit:Composed of three subunits: alpha (catalytic), beta and gamma.,

Research Area

Cardiac muscle contraction;Aldosterone-regulated sodium reabsorption;

Image Data



Western Blot analysis of PC12, NIH-3T3 cells using CD298 Polyclonal Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

Note

For research use only.