## Product Name: CD158f1/2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody



Catalog #: APRab08227

### **Summary**

Production Name CD158f1/2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Description** Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit
Application IHC,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

### **Performance**

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

**Isotype** IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw

cycles.

**Buffer** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.

**Purification** Affinity purification

### **Immunogen**

Storage

Gene Name KIR2DL5A/B CD158F CD158F1/2 KIR2DL5 IR2DLX

**Alternative Names** 

**Gene ID** 57292.0

**SwissProt ID** Q8N109/Q8NHK3.Synthetic peptide from human protein at AA range: 31-80

### **Application**

**Dilution Ratio** IHC-p 1:50-200, ELISA 1:10000-20000.

**Molecular Weight** 

### **Background**

killer cell immunoglobulin like receptor, two Ig domains and long cytoplasmic tail 5A(KIR2DL5A) Homo sapiens Killer cell

# Catalog #: APRab08227

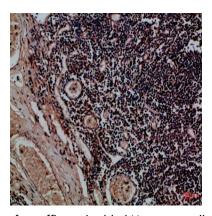


immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13.4 within the 1 Mb leukocyte receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes, although several " framework" genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DL1, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain transduce inhibitory signals upon ligand binding via an immune tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), while KIR proteins with the short cytoplasmic domain lack thefunction:Receptor on natural killer (NK) cells for HLA-C alleles. Inhibits the activity of NK cells thus preventing cell lysis., similarity: Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily, similarity: Contains 2 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.,

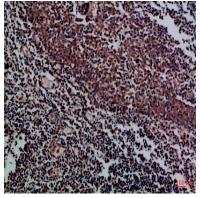
### Research Area

Antigen processing and presentation; Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity; Graft-versus-host disease;

### **Image Data**



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-tonsil, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-tonsil, antibody was diluted at 1:100

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838



### Note

For research use only.