

Summary

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|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Production Name | CaMKIV Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody |
| Description | Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Application | IF,IHC,WB,ELISA |
| Reactivity | Human,Mouse,Rat |

Performance

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|---------------------|--|
| Conjugation | Unconjugated |
| Modification | Unmodified |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Form | Liquid |
| Storage | Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. |
| Buffer | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N. |
| Purification | Affinity purification |

Immunogen

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|--------------------------|---|
| Gene Name | CAMK4 |
| Alternative Names | CAMK4; CAMK; CAMK-GR; CAMKIV; Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type IV; CaMK IV; CaM kinase-GR |
| Gene ID | 814.0 |
| SwissProt ID | Q16566.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human CaMK4. AA range:166-215 |

Application

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|-------------------------|---|
| Dilution Ratio | WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:5000. Not yet tested in other applications. |
| Molecular Weight | 60kD |

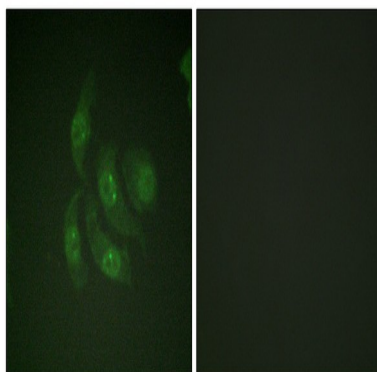
Background

The product of this gene belongs to the serine/threonine protein kinase family, and to the Ca(2+)/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase subfamily. This enzyme is a multifunctional serine/threonine protein kinase with limited tissue distribution, that has been implicated in transcriptional regulation in lymphocytes, neurons and male germ cells. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,enzyme regulation:Activated by Ca(2+)/calmodulin. Binding of calmodulin may release intrasteric autoinhibition. Must be phosphorylated to be maximally active. Phosphorylated by CAMKK1 or CAMKK2. Autophosphorylation of the N-terminus is required for full activation. In part, activity is independent on Ca(2+)/calmodulin and autophosphorylation of Ser-336 allows to switch to a Ca(2+)/calmodulin-independent state (By similarity). Probably inactivated by serine/threonine protein phosphatase 2A.,function:Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase belonging to a proposed calcium-triggered signaling cascade. May be involved in transcriptional regulation. May be involved in regulation of microtubule dynamics. In vitro, phosphorylates CREB1, CREBBP, PRM2, MEF2A, MEF2D and STMN1/OP18. May be involved in spermatogenesis. May play a role in the consolidation/retention of hippocampus-dependent long-term memory.,PTM:Autophosphorylated and phosphorylated by CAMKK1 and CAMKK2 (By similarity). Dephosphorylated by serine/threonine protein phosphatase 2A, probably on Thr-200.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CAMK Ser/Thr protein kinase family. CaMK subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,subcellular location:Substantial localization in certain neuronal nuclei. In spermatids associated with chromatin and nuclear matrix.,subunit:Monomer (By similarity). Interacts with serine/threonine protein phosphatase 2A catalytic subunit, PPP2CA or PPP2CB. The interaction with PP2CA or PP2CB is mutually exclusive with binding to Ca(2+)/calmodulin.,tissue specificity:Expressed in epithelial ovarian cancer tissue.,

Research Area

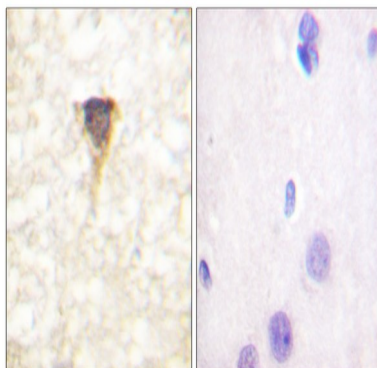
Calcium;Long-term potentiation;Neurotrophin;

Image Data

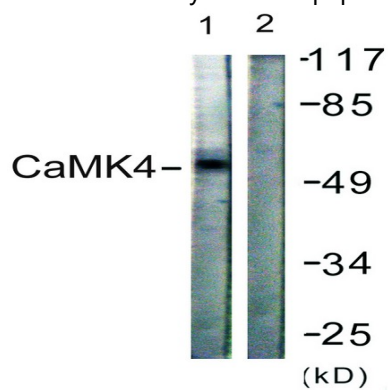


Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells, using CaMK4 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Product Name: CaMKIV Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog #: APRab07892



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue, using CaMK4 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from K562 cells, treated with H₂O₂ 100uM 30', using CaMK4 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Note

For research use only.