
Summary

Production Name	BCoR Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	IHC, WB, ELISA
Reactivity	Human, Mouse

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name	BCOR
Alternative Names	BCOR; KIAA1575; BCL-6 corepressor; BCoR
Gene ID	54880.0
SwissProt ID	Q6W2J9. The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human BCOR. AA range: 1231-1280

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:20000..
Molecular Weight	192kD

Background

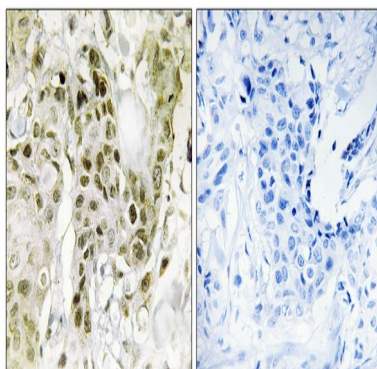
Product Name: BCoR Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog #: APRab07518



The protein encoded by this gene was identified as an interacting corepressor of BCL6, a POZ/zinc finger transcription repressor that is required for germinal center formation and may influence apoptosis. This protein selectively interacts with the POZ domain of BCL6, but not with eight other POZ proteins. Specific class I and II histone deacetylases (HDACs) have been shown to interact with this protein, which suggests a possible link between the two classes of HDACs. Several transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. A pseudogene of this gene is found on chromosome Y.[provided by RefSeq, Jun 2010],disease:Defects in BCOR are the cause of microphthalmia syndromic type 2 (MCOPS2) [MIM:300166]. Microphthalmia is a clinically heterogeneous disorder of eye formation, ranging from small size of a single eye to complete bilateral absence of ocular tissues (anophthalmia). In many cases, microphthalmia/anophthalmia occurs in association with syndromes that include non-ocular abnormalities. MCOPS2 is a very rare multiple congenital anomaly syndrome characterized by eye anomalies (congenital cataract, microphthalmia, or secondary glaucoma), facial abnormalities (long narrow face, high nasal bridge, pointed nose with cartilages separated at the tip, cleft palate, or submucous cleft palate), cardiac anomalies (atrial septal defect, ventricular septal defect, or floppy mitral valve) and dental abnormalities (canine radiculomegaly, delayed dentition, oligodontia, persistent primary teeth, or variable root length).,function:Transcriptional corepressor. May specifically inhibit gene expression when recruited to promoter regions by sequence specific DNA-binding proteins such as BCL6 and MLLT3. This repression may be mediated at least in part by histone deacetylase activities which can associate with this corepressor.,sequence caution:Contaminating sequence. Presence of complementary strand sequence in the clone.,sequence caution:Intron retention.,similarity:Belongs to the BCOR family.,similarity:Contains 3 ANK repeats.,subunit:Isoform 1 may interact with MLLT3/AF9 (By similarity). Interacts with BCL6. Can interact with HDAC1, HDAC3 and HDAC5. Component of repressive BCOR complex containing Polycomb group subcomplex at least composed of RYBP, PCGF1, RING1 and RNF2/RING2.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitously expressed.,

Research Area

Image Data

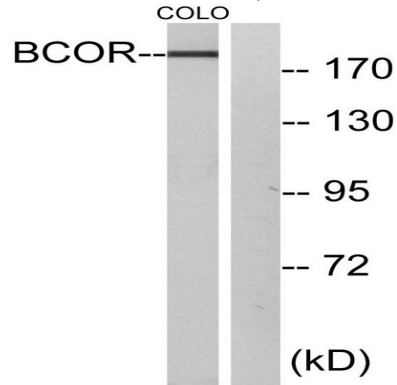


Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using BCoR Antibody. The picture on

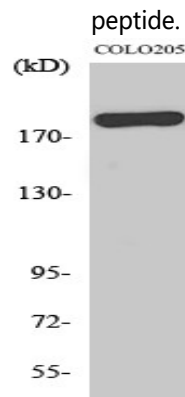
Product Name: BCoR Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog #: APRab07518



the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from COLO cells, using BCoR Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized



Western Blot analysis of various cells using BCoR Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 500 cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003, Inventbiotech, MN, USA) .

Note

For research use only.