

# Summary

Production Name	ASC-1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB
Reactivity	Human, Mouse

#### Performance

Construction.	
Conjugation	Unconjugated
	Linear difficial
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	laG
isetype	
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
	•
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

### Immunogen

Gene Name	TRIP4
Alternative Names	TRIP4; Activating signal cointegrator 1; ASC-1; Thyroid receptor-interacting protein 4;
	TR-interacting protein 4; TRIP-4
Gene ID	9325.0
SwissProt ID	Q15650.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human
	TRIP4. AA range:81-130

# Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000
Molecular Weight	66kD

# Background

# Product Name: ASC-1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog #: APRab07207



This gene encodes a subunit of the tetrameric nuclear activating signal cointegrator 1 (ASC-1) complex, which associates with transcriptional coactivators, nuclear receptors and basal transcription factors to facilitate nuclear receptors-mediated transcription. This protein is localized in the nucleus and contains an E1A-type zinc finger domain, which mediates interaction with transcriptional coactivators and ligand-bound nuclear receptors, such as thyroid hormone receptor and retinoid X receptor alpha, but not glucocorticoid receptor. Mutations in this gene are associated with spinal muscular atrophy with congenital bone fractures-1 (SMABF1). [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2016],function:Transcription coactivator of nuclear receptors which functions in conjunction with CBP-p300 and SRC-1 and may play an important role in establishing distinct coactivator complexes under different cellular conditions. Plays a pivotal role in the transactivation of NF-kappa-B, SRF and AP1. Acts as a mediator of transrepression between nuclear receptor and either AP1 or NF-kappa-B. Plays a role in androgen receptor transactivation and in testicular function.,subcellular location:Cytoplasmic under conditions of serum deprivation.,subunit:Specifically interacts with the ligand binding domain of the thyroid receptor (TR). This interaction requires the presence of thyroid hormone. Exists as a steady-state complex associated with ASCC1, ASCC2 and HELIC1. Interacts with the androgen receptor androgen (AR) in an androgen, testosterone and dihydrotestosterone-dependent manner.,

# **Research Area**

### **Image Data**



Western blot analysis of lysates from K562 cells, using TRIP4 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

#### Note

For research use only.