

Summary

| Production Name | NMDAε2 (phospho Tyr1336) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody | |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Description | Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody | |
| Host | Rabbit | |
| Application | ELISA,IHC,WB, | |
| Reactivity | Human,Mouse,Rat | |

Performance

| Conjugation | Unconjugated | |
|--------------|--|--|
| Modification | Phospho Antibody | |
| lsotype | lgG | |
| Clonality | Polyclonal | |
| Form | Liquid | |
| Storage | Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw | |
| Storage | cycles. | |
| Buffer | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N. | |
| Purification | Affinity purification | |

Immunogen

| Gene Name | GRIN2B | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| | GRIN2B; NMDAR2B; Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon-2; N-methyl D- | | |
| Alternative Names | aspartate receptor subtype 2B; NMDAR2B; NR2B; N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor | | |
| | subunit 3; NR3; hNR3 | | |
| Gene ID | 2904.0 | | |
| SwiceProt ID | Q13224. The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human | | |
| SWISSPIOLID | NMDAR2B around the phosphorylation site of Tyr1336. AA range:1302-1351 | | |

Application

| Dilution Ratio | WB 1:500 - 1:2000 | IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:10000 |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Molecular Weight | 150kD | |
| | | |



Background

N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate receptors. NMDA receptor channel has been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor channels are heteromers composed of three different subunits: NR1 (GRIN1), NR2 (GRIN2A, GRIN2B, GRIN2C, or GRIN2D) and NR3 (GRIN3A or GRIN3B). The NR2 subunit acts as the agonist binding site for glutamate. This receptor is the predominant excitatory neurotransmitter receptor in the mammalian brain. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],function:NMDA receptor subtype of glutamate-gated ion channels with high calcium permeability and voltage-dependent sensitivity to magnesium. Mediated by glycine.,similarity:Belongs to the glutamate-gated ion channel (TC 1.A.10) family.,subunit:Forms heteromeric channel of a zeta subunit (GRIN1), a epsilon subunit (GRIN2A, GRIN2B, GRIN2C or GRIN2D) and a third subunit (GRIN3A or GRIN3B). Found in a complex with GRIN1, GRIN3A or GRIN3B). Found in a complex with GRIN1, GRIN3B. Found in a complex with GRIN1, GRIN3A and PPP2CB. Interacts with PDZ domains of INADL and DLG4. Interacts with HIP1 (By similarity). Interacts with MAGI3,,tissue specificity:Primarily found in the fronto-parieto-temporal cortex and hippocampus pyramidal cells, lower expression in the basal ganglia.,

Research Area

Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction;Long-term potentiation;Alzheimer's disease;Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS);Huntington's disease;Systemic lupus erythematosus;

Image Data



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using NMDAR2B (Phospho-Tyr1336) Antibody





Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using NMDAR2B (Phospho-Tyr1336) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells treated with TNF 20ng/ml 30 ', using NMDAR2B (Phospho-Tyr1336) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western Blot analysis of 293T-UV cells using Phospho-NMDAc2 (Y1336) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 500

Note

For research use only.