

**Product Name: HSL (phospho Ser855) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog #: APRab04801**

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## Summary

<b>Production Name</b>	HSL (phospho Ser855) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	ELISA,IHC,WB,
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat

## Performance

<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Phospho Antibody
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Buffer</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification

## Immunogen

<b>Gene Name</b>	LIPE
<b>Alternative Names</b>	LIPE; Hormone-sensitive lipase; HSL
<b>Gene ID</b>	3991.0
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	Q05469.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human HSL around the phosphorylation site of Ser855/554. AA range:520-569

## Application

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:20000..
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	81kD

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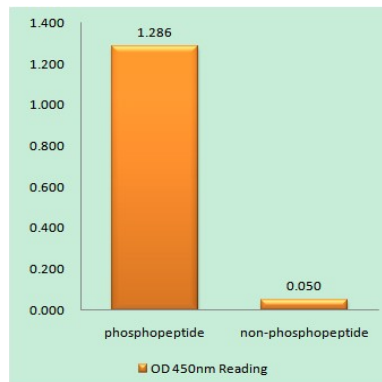
## Background

The protein encoded by this gene has a long and a short form, generated by use of alternative translational start codons. The long form is expressed in steroidogenic tissues such as testis, where it converts cholesteryl esters to free cholesterol for steroid hormone production. The short form is expressed in adipose tissue, among others, where it hydrolyzes stored triglycerides to free fatty acids. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],catalytic activity:Diacylglycerol + H(2)O = monoacylglycerol + a carboxylate.,catalytic activity:Monoacylglycerol + H(2)O = glycerol + a carboxylate.,catalytic activity:Triacylglycerol + H(2)O = diacylglycerol + a carboxylate.,enzyme regulation:Rapidly activated by cAMP-dependent phosphorylation under the influence of catecholamines. Dephosphorylation and inactivation are controlled by insulin.,function:In adipose tissue and heart, it primarily hydrolyzes stored triglycerides to free fatty acids, while in steroidogenic tissues, it principally converts cholesteryl esters to free cholesterol for steroid hormone production.,pathway:Glycerolipid metabolism; triacylglycerol degradation.,similarity:Belongs to the 'GDXG' lipolytic enzyme family.,subcellular location:Found in the high-density caveolae. Translocates to the cytoplasm from the caveolae upon insulin stimulation.,subunit:Interacts with PTRF in the adipocyte cytoplasm.,

## Research Area

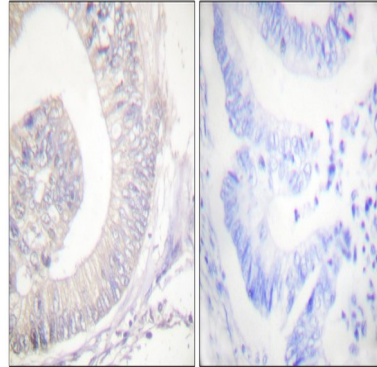
Insulin Receptor; AMPK

## Image Data

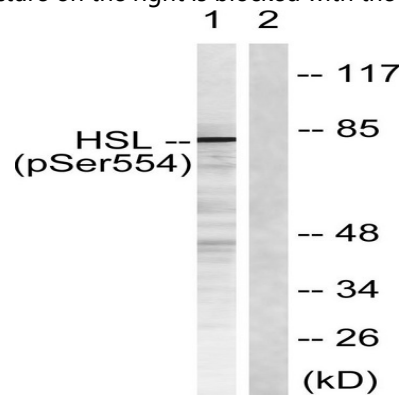


Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right) , using HSL (Phospho-Ser855/554) Antibody

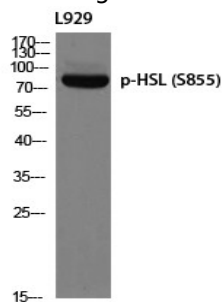
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Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma, using HSL (Phospho-Ser855/554) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells treated with Adriamycin 0.5ng/ml 24h, using HSL (Phospho-Ser855/554) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of L929 using p-HSL (S855) antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:1000

## Note

For research use only.