

## Summary

Production Name	KLF4 (11U14) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody	
Description	Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody	
Host	Rabbit	
Application	WB,ELISA	
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat	

### Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
lsotype	IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% New typepreservative N and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term.Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
Purification	Affinity purification

## Immunogen

Gene Name	KLF4
Alternative Names	Krueppel-like factor 4; KLF4; EZF; GKLF;
Gene ID	9314.0
SwissProt ID	O43474.

# Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000
Molecular Weight	55kDa

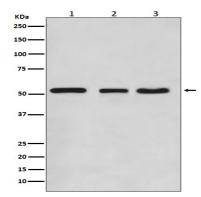


### Background

KLF4 is a member of the erythroid Kruppel-like factor (EKLF) multigene family that is highly expressed in the differentiating layers of the epidermis. KLF4 plays a critical role in the differentiation of epithelial cells and is essential for normal gastric homeostasis and function as both a repressor and activator of transcription. Transcription factor; can act both as activator and as repressor. Binds the 5'-CACCC-3' core sequence. Binds to the promoter region of its own gene and can activate its own transcription. Regulates the expression of key transcription factors during embryonic development. Plays an important role in maintaining embryonic stem cells, and in preventing their differentiation. Required for establishing the barrier function of the skin and for postnatal maturation and maintenance of the ocular surface. Involved in the differentiation of epithelial cells and may also function in skeletal and kidney development. Contributes to the down-regulation of p53/TP53 transcription.

### **Research Area**

**Image Data** 



Western blot analysis of KLF4 expression in (1) HeLa cell lysate; (2) NIH/3T3 cell lysate; (3) C6 cell lysate.

#### Note

For research use only.