

Summary

Production Name	G-CSF (11N11) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Description	Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,ELISA
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
lsotype	IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% New type
Buffer	preservative N and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term.
	Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
Purification	Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name	CSF3
Alternative Names	CSF beta; CSF3; CSF3OS; Csfg; Filgrastim; G-CSF; GCSA; GCSF; MGI 2; Pluripoietin;
Gene ID	1440.0
SwissProt ID	P09919.

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000
Molecular Weight	22kDa



Background

Granulocyte/macrophage colony-stimulating factors are cytokines that act in hematopoiesis by controlling the production, differentiation, and function of 2 related white cell populations of the blood, the granulocytes and the monocytesmacrophages. This CSF induces granulocytes. Granulocyte/macrophage colony-stimulating factors are cytokines that act in hematopoiesis by controlling the production, differentiation, and function of 2 related white cell populations of the blood, the granulocytes and the monocytes-macrophages. This CSF induces granulocytes. This CSF induces granulocytes. This CSF induces granulocytes and function of 2 related white cell populations of the blood, the granulocytes and the monocytes-macrophages. This CSF induces granulocytes.

Research Area

Image Data



Western blot analysis of G-CSF expression in K562 cell lysate.

Note

For research use only.