

## Summary

<b>Production Name</b>	Fas (6T3) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Description</b>	Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human

## Performance

<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Buffer</b>	Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% New type preservative N and 0.05% BSA.
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification

## Immunogen

<b>Gene Name</b>	FAS
<b>Alternative Names</b>	FAS; ALPS1A; APO-1; APT1; CD95; FAS1; FASTM; TNFRSF6;
<b>Gene ID</b>	355.0
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	P25445.A synthetic peptide of human Fas

## Application

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB: 1:1000
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	38kDa

## Background

Receptor for TNFSF6/FASLG. The adapter molecule FADD recruits caspase-8 to the activated receptor. The resulting death-

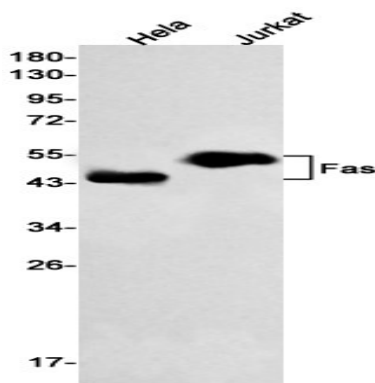
**Product Name: Fas (6T3) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog #: AMRe10832**



inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs caspase-8 proteolytic activation which initiates the subsequent cascade of caspases (aspartate-specific cysteine proteases) mediating apoptosis. Receptor for TNFSF6/FASLG. The adapter molecule FADD recruits caspase-8 to the activated receptor. The resulting death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs caspase-8 proteolytic activation which initiates the subsequent cascade of caspases (aspartate-specific cysteine proteases) mediating apoptosis. FAS-mediated apoptosis may have a role in the induction of peripheral tolerance, in the antigen-stimulated suicide of mature T-cells, or both. The secreted isoforms 2 to 6 block apoptosis (in vitro).

## Research Area

## Image Data



Western blot detection of Fas in HeLa, Jurkat cell lysates using Fas antibody (1:500 diluted).

## Note

For research use only.