

Summary

Production Name	CD86 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Description	Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IHC-P,ICC,IF,FC,IP
Reactivity	Human,Rat

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Purification	Affinity Chromatography

Immunogen

Gene Name	CD86
Alternative Names	CD86; CD28LG2; T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD86; Activation B7-2 antigen; B70; BU63; CTLA-4 counter-receptor B7.2; FUN-1; CD antigen CD86
Gene ID	942
SwissProt ID	P42081

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB: 1/500-1/1000 IHC: 1/50-1/100 IF: 1/50-1/200 IP: 1/50 FC: 1/50-1/100
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 38 kDa; Observed MW: 70 kDa

Product Name: CD86 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog #: AMRe03894



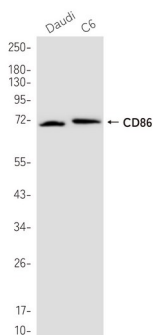
Background

Receptor involved in the costimulatory signal essential for T-lymphocyte proliferation and interleukin-2 production, by binding CD28 or CTLA-4. May play a critical role in the early events of T-cell activation and costimulation of naive T-cells, such as deciding between immunity and anergy that is made by T-cells within 24 hours after activation. Isoform 2 interferes with the formation of CD86 clusters, and thus acts as a negative regulator of T-cell activation.

Research Area

Immunology

Image Data



Western blot analysis of CD86 in Daudi, C6 lysates using CD86 antibody.

Note

For research use only.