

Summary

Production Name	Tec Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Description	Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,ICC/IF
Reactivity	Human

Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
lsotype	IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw
	cycles.
Buffer	50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05%
	BSA
Purification	Affinity Purified

Immunogen

Gene Name	TEC
Alternative Names	Tyrosine-protein kinase Tec
Gene ID	7006
SwissProt ID	P42680

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB: 1/500-1/1000 IF: 1/50-1/200
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 74 kDa; Observed MW: 58-75 kDa

Background

Product Name: Tec Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody Catalog #: AMRe02682

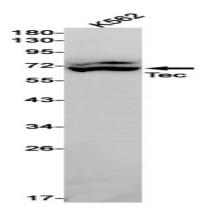


Non-receptor tyrosine kinase that contributes to signaling from many receptors and participates as a signal transducer in multiple downstream pathways, including regulation of the actin cytoskeleton. Plays a redundant role to ITK in regulation of the adaptive immune response. Regulates the development, function and differentiation of conventional T-cells and nonconventional NKT-cells. Required for TCR-dependent IL2 gene induction. Phosphorylates DOK1, one CD28-specific substrate, and contributes to CD28-signaling. Mediates signals that negatively regulate IL2RA expression induced by TCR cross-linking. Plays a redundant role to BTK in BCR-signaling for B-cell development and activation, especially by phosphorylating STAP1, a BCR-signaling protein. Required in mast cells for efficient cytokine production. Involved in both growth and differentiation mechanisms of myeloid cells through activation by the granulocyte colony-stimulating factor CSF3, a critical cytokine to promoting the growth, differentiation, and functional activation of myeloid cells. Participates in platelet signaling downstream of integrin activation. Cooperates with JAK2 through reciprocal phosphorylation to mediate cytokine-driven activation of FOS transcription. GRB10, a negative modifier of the FOS activation pathway, is another substrate of TEC. TEC is involved in G protein-coupled receptor- and integrin-mediated signalings in blood platelets. Plays a role in hepatocyte proliferation and liver regeneration and is involved in HGF-induced ERK signaling pathway. TEC regulates also FGF2 unconventional secretion (endoplasmic reticulum (ER)/Golgi-independent mechanism) under various physiological conditions through phosphorylation of FGF2 'Tyr-215'. May also be involved in the regulation of osteoclast differentiation.

Research Area

Signal Transduction

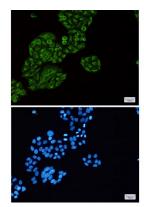
Image Data



Western blot analysis of Tec in K562 lysates using Tec antibody.

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Immunocytochemistry analysis of Tec(green) in Hela using Tec antibody, and DAPI(blue)

Note For research use only.