

## Summary

kappa Opioid Receptor Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody	
Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal antibody	
Rabbit	
WB,IP	
Rat	

## Performance

Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
lsotype	lgG
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Form	Liquid
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw
	cycles.
Buffer	50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05%
	BSA
Purification	Affinity Purified

### Immunogen

Gene Name	Oprk1
Alternative Names	KOR; R21; KOR-1; MSL-1; Oprk2; K-OR-1
Gene ID	18387.0
SwissProt ID	P33534

# Application

Dilution Ratio	WB: 1/500-1/1000 IP: 1/20
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 43 kDa; Observed MW: 60 kDa



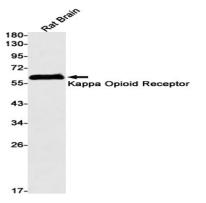
### Background

G-protein coupled opioid receptor that functions as receptor for endogenous alpha-neoendorphins and dynorphins, but has low affinity for beta-endorphins. Also functions as receptor for various synthetic opioids and for the psychoactive diterpene salvinorin A. Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotidebinding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of down-stream effectors, such as adenylate cyclase. Signaling leads to the inhibition of adenylate cyclase activity. Inhibits neurotransmitter release by reducing calcium ion currents and increasing potassium ion conductance. Plays a role in the perception of pain. Plays a role in mediating reduced physical activity upon treatment with synthetic opioids. Plays a role in the regulation of salivation in response to synthetic opioids. May play a role in arousal and regulation of autonomic and neuroendocrine functions.

#### **Research Area**

Neuroscience

## Image Data



Western blot analysis of Kappa Opioid Receptor in rat Brain lysates using kappa Opioid Receptor antibody.

#### Note

For research use only.