

**Product Name: Histone H2A.Z Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog #: AMRe02087**

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## Summary

<b>Production Name</b>	Histone H2A.Z Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Description</b>	Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat

## Performance

<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Buffer</b>	50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity Purified

## Immunogen

<b>Gene Name</b>	H2AZ1
<b>Alternative Names</b>	H2AZ; H2A.z; H2A/z; H2A.Z-1
<b>Gene ID</b>	3015
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	POC0S5

## Application

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB: 1/500-1/1000
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	Calculated MW: 14 kDa; Observed MW: 14 kDa

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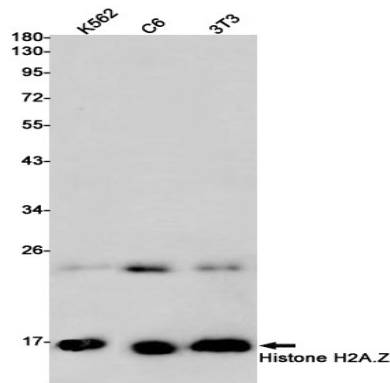
## Background

Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.

## Research Area

Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling

## Image Data



Western blot analysis of Histone H2A.Z in K562, C6, 3T3 lysates using Histone H2A.Z antibody.

## Note

For research use only.